

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mrs. SAVITRI		
Sample ID	: A0787720		
Age/Gender	: 64 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312410260002
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 01:59 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)						
Haemoglobin (Hb)	12.4	g/dL	12-15			
RBC Count	4.58	10^12/L	3.8-4.8			
Haematocrit (HCT)	<u>38.0</u>	%	40-50			
(Method: Calculated) (Method: Calculated) (Method: Calculated)	83	fl	81-101			
(without calculated) MCH (Method: Calculated)	27.0	pg	27-32			
(without calculated) MCHC (Michod: Calculated)	32.6	g/dL	32.5-34.5			
Rether (alculated) Method: (alculated)	<u>14.2</u>	%	11.6-14.0			
Platelet Count (PLT) Method: Cell Impedance)	272	10^9/L	150-410			
Total WBC Count (Method: Impedance)	5.5	10^9/L	4.0-10.0			
Weithod: Impedance) Weithod: Cell Impedence)	61	%	40-70			
	3.36	10^9/L	2.0-7.0			
(wetrad: impedence) (Wetrad: Cell Impedence)	32	%	20-40			
Absolute Lymphocyte Count Method: Impedence)	1.76	10^9/L	1.0-3.0			
Monocytes (withd: Microscopy)	05	%	2-10			
	0.28	10^9/L	0.2-1.0			
Bosinophils (Method: Microscopy)	02	%	1-6			
Absolute Eosinophils Count (Method: Calculated)	0.11	10^9/L	0.02-0.5			
Basophils (Method: Microscopy)	00	%	1-2			
Absolute Basophil ICount Method: calculated)	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3			
Morphology						
WBC	Within Nor	mal Limits				
RBC	Normocytic	c normochromic	c blood picture.			
Platelets Adequate.						

*** End Of Report ***



(Method: Microscopy)



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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

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Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 02:37 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	8	mm/hr	14 or less			

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mrs. SAVITRI				
Sample ID	: A0787862				
Age/Gender	: 64 Years/Female			Reg. No	: 0312410260002
Referred by	: Dr. SELF			SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DI	AGNOSTICS		Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM
Primary Sample	:			Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM
Sample Tested In	: Urine			Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 02:52 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Goku	ul Nagar, Tarr	naka	Report Status	: Final Report
		CLINIC	AL PATHO	LOGY	
		HEALTH PF	ROFILE A-3	PACKAGE	
Test Name		Results	Units	Biological Refere	ence Interval
Complete Urine A Physical Examina	• • •				
Colour		Pale Yellow	V	Straw to light amb	er
Appearance		Clear		Clear	
Chemical Examination	<u>ation</u>				
Glucose (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
Protein (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Absent		Negative	
Bilirubin (Bile)		Negative		Negative	
Urobilinogen (Method: Ehrlichs reagent)		Negative		Negative	
Ketone Bodies (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
Specific Gravity		1.020		1.000 - 1.030	
Blood (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
Reaction (pH) (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)		6.0		5.0 - 8.5	
Nitrites (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	

/hpf

/hpf

/hpf

Negative

00-05

00-05 Absent Absent Nil

Absent

Nil

(Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)	
Nitrites (Method: Strip Reflectance)	Negative
Leukocyte esterase (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)	Negative
Microscopic Examinatio	<u>n (Microscopy)</u>
PUS(WBC) Cells	03-04
R.B.C. (Method: Microscopic)	Nil
	01-02
(Method: Microscopic)	Absent
Crystals	Absent
Bacteria	Nil

Budding Yeast Cells





Nil

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

	Name	: Mrs. SAVITRI		
	Sample ID	: A0787717		
I	Age/Gender	: 64 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312410260002
	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM
	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM
	Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F)	Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 01:43 PM
	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE Test Name Results Units **Biological Reference Interval** <u>111</u> mg/dL 70-100 Glucose Fasting (F) Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018 Diagnosis FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) HbA1c(%) RBS(mg/dL) Prediabetes 100-125 140-199 5.7-6.4 NA >=200(with symptoms) > = 126 > = 200 Diabetes > = 6.5

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

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*** End Of Report ***

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

	Name	: Mrs. SAVITRI		
	Sample ID	: A0787720, A0787718		
I	Age/Gender	: 64 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312410260002
	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM
	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM
	Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA, Serum	Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 01:49 PM
	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
I				

	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval							
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) (Method: HPLC)	<u>6.5</u>	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5				
Mean Plasma Glucose	139.85	mg/dL					

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)	HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increase risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6. percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should b
421		14%	confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.
386	A A	13%	
350	L	12%	
314	E	11%	
279	R	10%	
243	T	9%	
208		8%	
172	POOR	7%	
136	GOOD	6%	
101	EXCELLENT	5%	

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.







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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT LABORATORY TEST

l	Name	: Mrs. SAVITRI						
L	Sample ID	: A0787720, A07877	18					
l	Age/Gender	: 64 Years/Female			Reg. No	: 0312410260002		
L	Referred by	: Dr. SELF			SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
L	Referring Customer	omer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS			Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM		
l	Primary Sample	ary Sample : Whole Blood			Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM		
	Sample Tested In	e Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA, Serum			Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 01:49 PM		
l	Client Address	ient Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka			Report Status	: Final Report		
	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
l	HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
	Test Name		Results	Units	Biological Refere	ence Interval		
	The off the second literation D	00.04						

25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D <u>20.31</u> ng/mL <20.0-Deficiency 20.0-30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxication Interpretation: 1. Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV 2. Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.
3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blody is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low. 4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun 2.older adults

3.people with obesity.

4.dietary deficiency Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method : CLIA

Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin)

pg/mL 200-911

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12. Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption

- · Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- · Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

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*** End Of Report ***











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Age/Gender	: 64 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312410260002
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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 26-Oct-2024 07:52 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 26-Oct-2024 12:50 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 03:09 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval							
Lipid Profile							
	185.8	mg/dL	< 200				
Triglycerides-TGL (Method: GPO-POD)	<u>278.5</u>	mg/dL	< 150				
Cholesterol-HDL (Method: Direct)	41	mg/dL	40-60				
Cholesterol-LDL (Method: Calculated)	89.1	mg/dL	< 100				
Cholesterol- VLDL (Method: Calculated)	<u>55.7</u>	mg/dL	7-35				
Non HDL Cholesterol	<u>144.8</u>	mg/dL	< 130				
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	4.53	%	0-4.0				
MDL / LDL Ratio	0.46						
Method: Calculated)	2.17	%	0-3.5				

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

	Triglycerides		LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
			100-129	130 - 159
Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
	>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220
	in (mg/dL) Adult: < 200 Children: < 170 Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199 Adult:>or=240	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL) Triglycerides in (mg/dL) Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	in (mg/dL) in (mg/dL) Cholesterol (mg/dL) Adult: < 200	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL) Triglycerides in (mg/dL) Cholesterol (mg/dL) LDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL) Adult: < 200 Children: < 170

*** End Of Report ***







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TDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval				
Liver Function Test (LFT)							
Bilirubin(Total)	0.70	mg/dL	0.2-1.2				
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3				
	0.5	mg/dL	0.2-1.0				
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) Method: IFCC UV Assay)	24.8	U/L	5-48				
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P)	22.0	U/L	0-55				
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP)	74.9	U/L	30-120				
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	19.4	U/L	5-55				
Protein - Total	<u>8.51</u>	g/dL	6.4-8.2				
(Method: Bromocresol Green (BCG))	4.6	g/dL	3.4-5.0				
Globulin (Method: Calculated)	3.91	g/dL	2.0-4.2				
A:G Ratio Method: Calculated)	1.18	%	0.8-2.0				
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.13						

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***







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Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 26-Oct-2024 03:09 PM	
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report	

	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Kidney Profile-KFT						
	0.67	mg/dL	0.55-1.02			
	25.1	mg/dL	17.1-49.2			
	11.74	mg/dL	8.0-23.0			
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	17.52		6 - 22			
Write Acid	<u>6.42</u>	mg/dL	2.6-6.0			
Sodium (Method: ISE Direct)	138	mmol/L	135-150			
Potassium (Method: ISE Direct)	4.1	mmol/L	3.5-5.0			
Chloride (Method: ISE Direct)	102	mmol/L	94-110			

Interpretation:

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• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.







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	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval						
Iron Profile-I						
(Mathod: Ferrozine)	97	µg/dL	50-170			
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	368	µg/dL	250-450			
Transferrin (Method: Calculated)	257.34	mg/dL	250-380			
 Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) (Method: Calculated) 	26.36	%	15-50			
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC) (Method: FerroZine)	271	ug/dL	110-370			

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

• Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

• Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

• Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

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Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)						
	102.34	ng/dL	40-181			
T4 (Thyroxine)	8.1	µg/dL	3.2-12.6			
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone Monthod: CLIA)	2.06	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5			

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronii	ne):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL			Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 n	ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***







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