

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name : Mr. K DURGA NAVEEN

Sample ID : A0787992

Age/Gender : 42 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312410310008

Referred by : Dr. PREM SAGAR SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 31-Oct-2024 11:08 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 31-Oct-2024 01:24 PM
Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 31-Oct-2024 02:19 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Liver Function Test (LFT)						
Bilirubin(Total)	<u>1.41</u>	mg/dL	0.1-1.2			
Bilirubin (Direct) Method: Diazo)	<u>0.68</u>	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3			
(Method: Diazo) Method: Calculated) (Method: Calculated)	0.73	mg/dL	0.2-1.0			
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)	34.3	U/L	15-37			
Malnine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-S-P))	54.1	U/L	0-55			
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)	103.0	U/L	30-120			
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	<u>135.7</u>	U/L	15-85			
Protein - Total	7.36	g/dL	6.4-8.2			
Albumin	4.3	g/dL	3.4-5.0			
Globulin	3.06	g/dL	2.0-4.2			
(Method: Calculated) A:G Ratio	1.41	%	0.8-2.0			
(Method: Calculated) SGOT/SGPT Ratio	0.63					

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

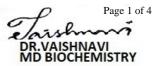
Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***











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Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 31-Oct-2024 06:47 PM

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IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY

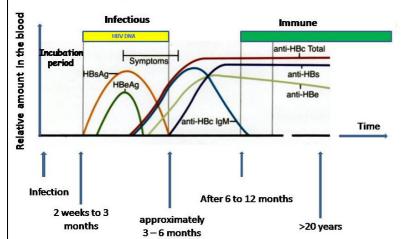
VIRAL SCREENING						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg)	0.37	S/Co	<1.00 :Negative >1.00 :Positive			

Interpretation:

- Negative result implies that antibodies to HBsAg have not been detected in the sample. This means the patient has either not been exposed to HBsAg infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levels of antibodies. Hence a Non-Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HBsAg.
- Positive result implies that antibodies to HBsAg have been detected in the sample.

Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) is a member of the Hepadna virus family causing infections of the liver with extremely variable clinical features. Hepatitis B is transmitted primarily by body fluids especially serum and also spread effectively sexually and from mother to baby. In most individuals HBV hepatitis is self limiting, but 1-2% normal adolescents and adults develop Chronic Hepatitis. Frequency of chronic HBV infection is 5-10% in immunocompromised patients and 80% in neonates. The initial serological marker of acute infection is HBsAg which typically appears 2-3 months after infection and disappears 12-20 weeks after onset of symptoms. Persistence of HBsAg for more than six months indicates development of carrier state or Chronic liver disease.

HBV antigens and antibodies in the blood



Note:

1. All Reactive results are tested additionally by Specific antibody Neutralization assay . For further confirmation Molecular assays are recommended For diagnostic purposes, results should be used in conjunction with clinical history and other hepatitis markers for Acute or Chronic infection

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Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 31-Oct-2024 01:24 PM

Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 31-Oct-2024 06:30 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY

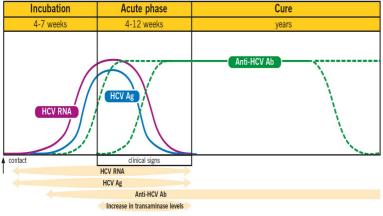
VIRAL SCREENING							
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval				
Hepatitis C Virus Antibody	0.20	S/Co	< 1.00 : Negative > 1.00 : Positive				

Interpretation:

- 1. Negative result implies that antibodies to HCV have not been detected in the sample. This means the patient has either not been exposed to HCV infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levels of antibodies. Hence a Non-Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HCV.
- 2. Positive result implies that antibodies to HCV have been detected in the sample.

Comments :-

Hepatitis C (HCV) is an RNA virus of Flavivirus group transmitted via blood transfusions, transplantation, injection drug users, accidental needle punctures in healthcare workers, dialysis patients and rarely from mother to infant. 10% of new cases show sexual transmission. As compared to HAV & HBV, chronic infection with HCV occurs in 85% of infected individuals. In high risk populations, the predictive value of Anti HCV for HCV infection is > 99% whereas in low risk populations it is only 25%.



Note:

- 1. False positive results are seen in Autoimmune diseases, Rheumatoid factor, Hypergammaglobulinemia, Paraproteinemia, passive antibody transfer, Anti- idiotypes & Anti superoxide dismutase
- 2. False negative results are seen in early Acute infection, Immunosuppression & Immuno-incompetence
- 3. HCV RNA PCR recommended in all Reactive results to differentiate between past and present infection

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Reported On : 31-Oct-2024 06:29 PM

Report Status : Final Report

IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY						
VIRAL SCREENING						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
HIV (1& 2) Antibody	0.24	S/Co	< 1.00 : Negative > 1.00 : Positive			

*** End Of Report ***











DR. RUTURAJ MANIKLAL KOLHAPURE MD, MICROBIOLOGIST