

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564, 1st floor, Buddhanagar, Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

: SPL-CV-172

: Final Report

LABORATORY TEST **REPORT**

Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0788104

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Female

Reg. No Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code

Referring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03:18 PM Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 04:31 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status

: 0312411030011

HAEMATOLOGY

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Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval	
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)				
Haemoglobin (Hb)	13.6	g/dL	12-15	
(Method: Cynmeth Method) RBC Count (Method: Cell Impedience)	4.62	10^12/L	3.8-4.8	
Haematocrit (HCT)	41.0	%	40-50	
(Method: Calculated) MCV	89	fl	81-101	
MCH	29.5	pg	27-32	
MCHC	33.2	g/dL	32.5-34.5	
(Method: Calculated) RDW-CV (Method: Calculated)	14.3	%	11.6-14.0	
Platelet Count (PLT)	259	10^9/L	150-410	
(Method: Cell Impedance) Total WBC Count Method: Impedance)	6.2	10^9/L	4.0-10.0	
Neutrophils	50	%	40-70	
(Method: Cell Impedence) Absolute Neutrophils Count	3.1	10^9/L	2.0-7.0	
(Method: Impedence) Lymphocytes	40	%	20-40	
(Method: Cell Impedence) Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.48	10^9/L	1.0-3.0	
(Method: Impedence) Monocytes	06	%	2-10	
(Method: Microscopy) Absolute Monocyte Count (Method: Calculated)	0.37	10^9/L	0.2-1.0	
Eosinophils	04	%	1-6	
(Method: Microscopy) Absolute Eosinophils Count (Method: Calculated)	0.25	10^9/L	0.02-0.5	
Basophils	00	%	1-2	
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3	
Morphology				
WBC	Within Normal Limits			
RBC	Normocytic normochromic blood picture.			
Platelets (Method: Microscopy)	Adequate.			

*** End Of Report ***







Page 1 of 11 Swarnabala.M DR.SWARNA BALA **MD PATHOLOGY**



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0788104

Age/Gender

: 62 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312411030011 : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM

Primary Sample : Whole Blood : 03-Nov-2024 03:18 PM Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA : Whole Blood EDTA : 03-Nov-2024 04:39 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	8	mm/hr	14 or less

Comments: ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.











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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0787390

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Female Reg. No
Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On Primary Sample : Received On

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

: Urine

: 0312411030011

SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10: 26 AM Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03: 29 PM Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 04: 16 PM

Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
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Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)

Physical Examination

Sample Tested In

Colour Pale Yellow Straw to light amber

Appearance HAZY Clear

Chemical Examination

Glucose
(Method: Strip Reflectance)

Protein
(Method: Strip Reflectance)

Bilirubin (Bile)
(Method: Strip Reflectance)

Negative

Specific Gravity
(Method: Strip Reflectance)

1.005

1.000 - 1.030

Blood Negative Negative

Reaction (pH)
(Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)6.55.0 - 8.5NitritesNegativeNegative

Leukocyte esterase Negative Negative

Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)

PUS(WBC) Cells 02-04 00-05 /hpf R.B.C. Nil Nil /hpf **Epithelial Cells** 01-02 /hpf 00-05 Absent Absent Casts Crystals Absent Absent Bacteria Nil Nil Nil **Budding Yeast Cells** Absent

Comments: Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections, diabetes, hypertension and drug toxicity.







Page 3 of 11
Swarnabala - M
DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY





Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0788105

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312411030011
Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03:23 PM
Sample Tested In : Plasma-NaF(F) Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 04:52 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval

Glucose Fasting (F) 87 mg/dL 70-100

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	> = 126	>= 200	>= 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

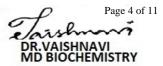
Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27













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Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0788104

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Female Reg. No Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Cod

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS
Primary Sample : Whole Blood
Sample Tested In : Whole Blood EDTA

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka

Reg. No : 0312411030011 SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03:18 PM

Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 04:34 PM

Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

0,1021,7111,07112,112						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.6	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5			
Mean Plasma Glucose	114.02	mg/dL				

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose (MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION

Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)
421		14%
386	_ A _	13%
350	L	12%
314	E	11%
279	R	10%
243	Т	9%
208		8%
172	POOR	7%
136	GOOD	6%
101	EXCELLENT	5%

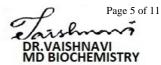
HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.













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Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03:19 PM Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 05:06 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Calcium (Method: Arsenazo)	9.65	mg/dL	8.5-10.1			

Comments:

- Calcium in the body is found mainly in the bones (approximately 99%). In serum, Calcium exists in a
 free ionised form and in bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrease in Albumin causes lower
 Calcium levels and vice-versa.
- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

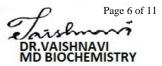
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Excellence In Health Care













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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

	SAGEFATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval				
Lipid Profile							
Cholesterol Total (Method: CHOD-POD)	<u> 269.5</u>	mg/dL	< 200				
Triglycerides-TGL (Method: GPO-POD)	93.4	mg/dL	< 150				
Cholesterol-HDL (Method: Direct)	46.9	mg/dL	40-60				
Cholesterol-LDL (Method: Calculated)	<u>203.92</u>	mg/dL	< 100				
Cholesterol- VLDL (Method: Calculated)	18.68	mg/dL	7-35				
Non HDL Cholesterol (Method: Calculated)	<u>222.6</u>	mg/dL	< 130				
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	<u>5.75</u>	%	0-4.0				
HDL / LDL Ratio	0.23						
LDL/HDL Ratio (Method: Calculated)	<u>4.35</u>	%	0-3.5				

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

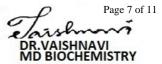
NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	I rialvcerides	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
()ntimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borgerline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL (Friedewald's formula). Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL











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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

SAGEFATH CARE 1.2						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Liver Function Test (LFT)						
Bilirubin(Total) (Method: Diazo)	0.65	mg/dL	0.2-1.2			
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.19	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3			
Bilirubin (Indirect) (Method: Calculated)	0.46	mg/dL	0.2-1.0			
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) (Method: IFCC UV Assay)	16.8	U/L	5-48			
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)	12.3	U/L	0-55			
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP)	95.5	U/L	30-120			
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	18.9	U/L	5-55			
Protein - Total	7.90	g/dL	6.4-8.2			
Method: Bromocresol Green (BCG))	4.4	g/dL	3.4-5.0			
Globulin (Method: Calculated)	3.5	g/dL	2.0-4.2			
A:G Ratio (Method: Calculated)	1.26	%	0.8-2.0			
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	1.37					

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

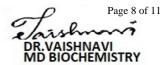
Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.











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Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0788103

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312411030011
Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03:19 PM
Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 05:06 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

GAGELATII GARE 1.2					
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval		
Kidney Profile-KFT					
Creatinine (Method: Jaffes Kinetic)	0.69	mg/dL	0.55-1.02		
Urea-Serum	29.5	mg/dL	17.1-49.2		
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Method: Calculated)	13.79	mg/dL	8.0-23.0		
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	19.99		6 - 22		
Uric Acid (Method: Uricase)	4.62	mg/dL	2.6-6.0		
Sodium (Method: ISE Direct)	141	mmol/L	135-150		
Potassium (Method: ISE Direct)	3.8	mmol/L	3.5-5.0		
Chloride (Method: 1SE Direct)	101	mmol/L	94-110		

Interpretation:

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.











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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Iron Profile-I			
Iron(Fe) (Method: Ferrozine)	103	μg/dL	50-170
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC) (Method: Ferrozine)	397	μg/dL	250-450
Transferrin (Method: Calculated)	277.62	mg/dL	250-380
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation)	25.94	%	15-50
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC)	294	ug/dL	110-370

Interpretation:

- Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.
- Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.
- Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.
- Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.
- Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.
- Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.
- Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

*** End Of Report ***







Page 10 of 11

DR. VAISHNAVI
MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name : Mrs. SUDHA Sample ID : A0788103

Age/Gender : 62 Years/Female Reg. No : 0312411030017 Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172

Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 03-Nov-2024 10:26 AM
Primary Sample : Whole Blood Received On : 03-Nov-2024 03:19 PM
Sample Tested In : Serum Reported On : 03-Nov-2024 04:44 PM

Client Address : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka Report Status : Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SAGEPATH CARE 1.2

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)			
T3 (Triiodothyronine)	97.92	ng/dL	40-181
T4 (Thyroxine) (Method: CLIA)	8.5	μg/dL	3.2-12.6
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (Method: CLIA)	5.15	μIU/mL	0.35-5.5
(Method: CLIA)	0.10	p	0.00 0.0

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronii	ne):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trime	ester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 n	ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***







Page 11 of 11

Page 11 of 11

DR. VAISHNAVI

MD BIOCHEMISTRY