

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mrs. PRASHANTHI		
Sample ID	: A1308220		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312412110026
Referred by	: Dr. KONA LAKSHMI	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 11-Dec-2024 03:16 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:07 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 11-Dec-2024 06:04 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report



HAEMATOLOGY

SURGICAL PROFILE-II

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
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Blood Grouping (A B O)
(Method: Tube Agglutination)

B

Rh Typing
(Method: Tube Agglutination)

Positive

*** End Of Report ***



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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:07 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:42 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report












HAEMATOLOGY











SURGICAL PROFILE-II

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
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Complete Blood Picture(CBP)

 Haemoglobin (Hb) (Method: Cymeth Method)	12.5	g/dL	12-15
 Haematocrit (HCT) (Method: Calculated)	41.5	%	40-50
 RBC Count (Method: Cell Impedance)	5.22	10 ¹² /L	3.8-4.8
 MCV (Method: Calculated)	80	fl	81-101
 MCH (Method: Calculated)	23.9	pg	27-32
 MCHC (Method: Calculated)	30.0	g/dL	32.5-34.5
 RDW-CV (Method: Calculated)	15.7	%	11.6-14.0
 Platelet Count (PLT) (Method: Cell Impedance)	399	10 ⁹ /L	150-410
 Total WBC Count (Method: Impedance)	8.8	10 ⁹ /L	4.0-10.0

Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)

 Neutrophils (Method: Cell Impedance)	70	%	40-70
 Lymphocytes (Method: Cell Impedance)	22	%	20-40
 Monocytes (Method: Microscopy)	06	%	2-10
 Eosinophils (Method: Microscopy)	02	%	1-6
 Basophils (Method: Microscopy)	00	%	1-2
 Absolute Neutrophils Count (Method: Impedance)	6.16	10 ⁹ /L	2.0-7.0
 Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Method: Impedance)	1.94	10 ⁹ /L	1.0-3.0
 Absolute Monocyte Count (Method: Calculated)	0.53	10 ⁹ /L	0.2-1.0
 Absolute Eosinophils Count (Method: Calculated)	0.18	10 ⁹ /L	0.02-0.5
 Absolute Basophil ICount (Method: Calculated)	0.00	10 ⁹ /L	0.0-0.3

Morphology

(Method: PAPS Staining)

Anisocytosis with Normocytic normochromic



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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:11 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 11-Dec-2024 06:14 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report



CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

SURGICAL PROFILE-II

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
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 Creatinine (Method: Jaffes Kinetic)	0.63	mg/dL	0.60-1.10
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Interpretation:

- This test is done to see how well your kidneys are working. Creatinine is a chemical waste product of creatine. Creatine is a chemical made by the body and is used to supply energy mainly to muscles.
- **A higher than normal level may be due to:**
- Renal diseases and insufficiency with decreased glomerular filtration, urinary tract obstruction, reduced renal blood flow including congestive heart failure, shock, and dehydration; rhabdomyolysis can cause elevated serum creatinine.
- **A lower than normal level may be due to:**
- Small stature, debilitation, decreased muscle mass; some complex cases of severe hepatic disease can cause low serum creatinine levels. In advanced liver disease, low creatinine may result from decreased hepatic production of creatinine and inadequate dietary protein as well as reduced muscle mass.

 Urea-Serum (Method: Calculated)	13.6	mg/dL	12.8-42.8
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Interpretation:

- Catabolism of proteins and amino acids results in the formation of urea, which is predominantly cleared from the body by the kidneys.
- Increased urea with normal creatinine concentrations indicates a pre-renal increase in urea which may be due to a high protein diet, increased protein catabolism, reabsorption of blood proteins after GI haemorrhage, glucocorticoid treatment, dehydration or decreased perfusion of the kidneys.
- An increase in both urea and creatinine concentrations may indicate an obstructive post-renal condition such as malignancy, nephrolithiasis or prostatism.
- A low urea and increased creatinine may indicate acute tubular necrosis, low protein intake, starvation or severe liver disease.



Dr. Vaishnavi
DR. VAISHNAVI
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:11 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:49 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report


IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY
SURGICAL PROFILE-II

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
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 VDRL- Syphilis Antibodies
(Method: Slide Flocculation)

Non Reactive

Non Reactive

The serological diagnosis of syphilis is classified into two groups: Nontreponemal tests (RPR/VDRL) and Treponemal tests (TPHA/CLIA). Syphilis serology is a treponemal assay for the qualitative determination of antibodies to *T. pallidum* in human serum or plasma as an aid in the diagnosis of syphilis. Treponemal tests may remain reactive for life, even following adequate therapy thus a positive result suggests infection with *Treponema pallidum* but does not distinguish between treated and untreated infections. Therefore, the results of a nontreponemal assay, such as rapid plasma reagin, are needed to provide information on a patient's disease state and history of therapy. Nontreponemal tests lack sensitivity in late stage of infection and screening with these tests alone may yield false positive reactions in various acute and chronic conditions in the absence of syphilis (biological false positive reactions).

*** End Of Report ***



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DR. RUTURAJ MANIKLAL KOLHAPURE
 MD, MICROBIOLOGIST

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 11-Dec-2024 05:11 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 11-Dec-2024 07:23 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony , Gokul Nagar, Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report



IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY

SURGICAL PROFILE-II

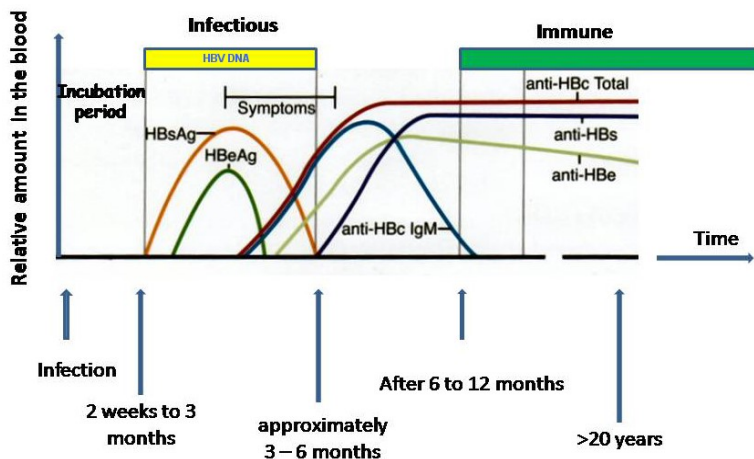
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg) (Method: ELISA)	0.30	S/Co	<1.00 :Negative >1.00 :Positive

Interpretation:

- Negative result implies that antibodies to HBsAg have not been detected in the sample. This means the patient has either not been exposed to HBsAg infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levels of antibodies. Hence a Non-Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HBsAg.
- Positive result implies that antibodies to HBsAg have been detected in the sample.

Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) is a member of the Hepadna virus family causing infections of the liver with extremely variable clinical features. Hepatitis B is transmitted primarily by body fluids especially serum and also spread effectively sexually and from mother to baby. In most individuals HBV hepatitis is self limiting, but 1-2% normal adolescents and adults develop Chronic Hepatitis. Frequency of chronic HBV infection is 5-10% in immunocompromised patients and 80% in neonates. The initial serological marker of acute infection is HBsAg which typically appears 2-3 months after infection and disappears 12-20 weeks after onset of symptoms. Persistence of HBsAg for more than six months indicates development of carrier state or Chronic liver disease.

HBV antigens and antibodies in the blood



Note:

1. All Reactive results are tested additionally by Specific antibody Neutralization assay . For further confirmation Molecular assays are recommended For diagnostic purposes, results should be used in conjunction with clinical history and other hepatitis markers for Acute or Chronic infection

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IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY

SURGICAL PROFILE-II

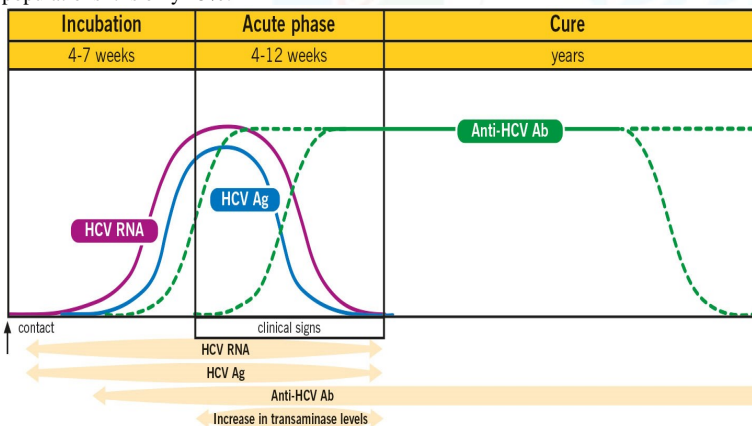
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Hepatitis C Virus Antibody (Method: ELISA)	0.20	S/Co	< 1.00 : Negative > 1.00 : Positive

Interpretation:

- Negative result implies that antibodies to HCV have not been detected in the sample. This means the patient has either not been exposed to HCV infection or the sample has been tested during the "window phase" i.e. before the development of detectable levels of antibodies. Hence a Non-Reactive result does not exclude the possibility of exposure or infection with HCV.
- Positive result implies that antibodies to HCV have been detected in the sample.

Comments :-

Hepatitis C (HCV) is an RNA virus of Flavivirus group transmitted via blood transfusions, transplantation, injection drug users, accidental needle punctures in healthcare workers, dialysis patients and rarely from mother to infant. 10% of new cases show sexual transmission. As compared to HAV & HBV, chronic infection with HCV occurs in 85% of infected individuals. In high risk populations, the predictive value of Anti HCV for HCV infection is > 99% whereas in low risk populations it is only 25%.



Note:

- False positive results are seen in Autoimmune diseases, Rheumatoid factor, Hypergammaglobulinemia, Paraproteinemia, passive antibody transfer, Anti- idiotypes & Anti superoxide dismutase
- False negative results are seen in early Acute infection, Immunosuppression & Immuno-incompetence
- HCV RNA PCR recommended in all Reactive results to differentiate between past and present infection

*** End Of Report ***



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[Signature]

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IMMUNOLOGY & SEROLOGY

SURGICAL PROFILE-II

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
HIV (1& 2) Antibody <small>(Method: ELISA)</small>	0.40	S/Co	< 1.00 : Negative > 1.00 : Positive

*** End Of Report ***



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