

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308335, A1308253 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum, Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 13-Dec-2024 10:04 AM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | |
| C-Reactive protein-(CRP) <u>30.8</u> mg/L Upto:6.0 | | | | | | |

Interpretation:

DSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

C-reactive protein (CRP) is produced by the liver. The level of CRP rises when there is inflammation throughout the body. It is one of a group of proteins called acute phase reactants that go up in response to inflammation. The levels of acute phase reactants increase in response to certain inflammatory proteins called cytokines. These proteins are produced by white blood cells during inflammation.

A positive test means you have inflammation in the body. This may be due to a variety of conditions, including:

- Connective tissue disease
- Heart attack
- Infection
- Inflammatory bowel disease (IBD)
- Lupus
- Pneumonia
- Rheumatoid arthritis

| Copper (Method: Spectraphotometry) | 135 | µg/dL | 70-140 |
|---------------------------------------|-----|-------|--------|
| Zinc - Serum (Method: Brorno-Paps) | 98 | µg/dL | 80-120 |



Page 1 of 16 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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| | | _ | |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | |
| Vitamin Profile | | | | | | |
| 25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D (Meithod: CLIA) | <u>10.40</u> | ng/mL | <20.0-Deficiency 20.0-30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxication | | | |
| Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin) | 320 | pg/mL | 197 - 771 | | | |

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12. **Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption**

• Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12

• Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

Interpretation:

- Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
- Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.
- The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.
- .The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

- people who don't get much exposure to the sun
- older adults
- people with obesity.
- · dietary deficiency

Increased Levels:

• Vitamin D Intoxication







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| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | |
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| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum, Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 13-Dec-2024 10:04 AM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|--------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | | |
| Cardiac Risk Markers(5) | | | | | | | |
| Apolipoprotein (APO-B) (Method: Immunoturbiolimetry) | 85.7 | mg/dL | 60.0-140.0 | | | | |
| Apolipoprotein(APO A1) (Method: Immunoturbiolimetry) | <u>101.3</u> | mg/dL | 110 - 205 | | | | |
| Apolipoprotein B/A1 Ratio | 0.85 | | 0.35 - 1.00 | | | | |
| Homocysteine-Serum | <u>24.42</u> | µmol/L | 3.7 - 13.9 | | | | |
| High Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein(hsCRP) 30.90 mg/L Low Risk :< 1.0 (Method: Immunoturbidimetry) Average Risk:1.0-3.0 High Risk: > 3.0 | | | | | | | |
| Lipoprotein (a) - Lp(a) (Method: Immunoturbidimetry) | <u>32.5</u> | mg/dL | < 30.0 | | | | |

Excellence In Health Care







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| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM | |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum, Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 13-Dec-2024 10:04 AM | |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report | |
| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | |

| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | | |
| Toxic Elements | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic (Method: ICP-MS) | 3.01 | ug/L | <5 | | | | |
| Cadmium (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.92 | µg/l | < 1.5 | | | | |
| Mercury (Method: ICP-MS) | 1.36 | µg/l | < 5 | | | | |
| Lead (Method: ICP-MS) | 16 | µg/l | < 25 | | | | |
| Chromium (Method: ICPMS) | 13.9 | µg/L | < 30 | | | | |
| Barium (Method: ICP-MS) | 22.00 | µg/l | <30 | | | | |
| Cobalt, Blood | 0.71 | µg/l | 0.10 - 1.50 | | | | |
| Caesium (Method: ICP-MS) | 2.87 | µg/l | <5.0 | | | | |
| Thallium (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.88 | µg/l | <1.0 | | | | |
| Uranium (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.65 | µg/l | <1.0 | | | | |
| Strontium (Method: ICP-MS) | 16.70 | µg/l | 8 - 38 | | | | |
| Antimony (Method: ICP-MS) | 17.90 | µg/l | 0.10 - 18 | | | | |
| Tin (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.98 | µg/l | <2 | | | | |
| Molybdenum (Method: ICP-MS) | 2.74 | µg/l | 0.70 - 4.0 | | | | |
| Silver (Method: ICP-MS) | 1.25 | µg/l | <4.0 | | | | |
| Vanadium (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.77 | µg/l | < 0.8 | | | | |
| Beryllium (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.52 | µg/l | 0.10 - 0.80 | | | | |
| Bismuth (Method: ICP-MS) | 0.41 | µg/l | 0.10 - 0.80 | | | | |
| (Methid: ICP-MS) Selenium (Methid: ICP-MS) | 33.6 | µg/l | 60 - 340 | | | | |
| (Method: ICP-MS) Nickel (Method: ICP-MS) | 13.40 | µg/l | < 15 | | | | |
| Aluminium (Method: ICP-MS) | 19.50 | µg/l | < 30 | | | | |
| (Method: ICP-MS) (Method: ICP-MS) | 10.60 | µg/l | 7.10 - 20 | | | | |



Page 4 of 16 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name Sample ID | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA : A1308253 | | | |
|--------------------|---|---------------|------------------------|--|
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 | |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 | |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM | |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM | |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 01:37 PM | |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report | |
| HAEMATOLOGY | | | | |

| HAEMATOLOGY | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | | |
| Complete Blood Picture(CBP) | | | | | | | |
| Haemoglobin (Hb) | 14.9 | g/dL | 13-17 | | | | |
| | 46.0 | % | 40-50 | | | | |
| RBC Count (Method: Cell Impedance) | 5.18 | 10^12/L | 4.5-5.5 | | | | |
| MCV (Method: Calculated) | 89 | fl | 81-101 | | | | |
| MCH (Method: Calculated) | 28.7 | pg | 27-32 | | | | |
| MCHC (Method: Calculated) | <u>32.4</u> | g/dL | 32.5-34.5 | | | | |
| RDW-CV (Method: Calculated) | 13.0 | % | 11.6-14.0 | | | | |
| Platelet Count (PLT) | 261 | 10^9/L | 150-410 | | | | |
| | 8.6 | 10^9/L | 4.0-10.0 | | | | |
| Differential Leucocyte Count (DC) | | | | | | | |
| Neutrophils (Method: Cell Impedence) | 70 | % | 40-70 | | | | |
| Lymphocytes (Method: Cell Impedence) | 20 | % | 20-40 | | | | |
| Monocytes (Method: Microscopy) | 06 | % | 2-10 | | | | |
| Eosinophils (Method: Microscopy) | 04 | % | 1-6 | | | | |
| Basophils (Method: Microscopy) | 0 | % | 1-2 | | | | |
| | 6.02 | 10^9/L | 2.0-7.0 | | | | |
| | 1.72 | 10^9/L | 1.0-3.0 | | | | |
| | 0.52 | 10^9/L | 0.2-1.0 | | | | |
| | 0.34 | 10^9/L | 0.02-0.5 | | | | |
| | 0.00 | 10^9/L | 0.0-0.3 | | | | |
| Morphology (Method: PAPs Staining) | Normocytic | c normochromic | | | | | |







Page 5 of 16 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--|------------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308253 | | | |
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 01:37 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarna | aka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | HAI | EMATOLOG | Y | |
| | AROGY | (AM 1.3 PRO | FILE | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Refer | ence Interval |
| Blood Picture - P | eripheral Smear Examination | | | |
| Red Blood Cells (Method: Microscopy) | Normocytic | c normochromic | 2 | |
| White Blood Cells (Method: Microscopy) | Within norr | mal limits | | |
| Platelets (Method: Microscopy) | Adequate | | | |
| Hemoparasites (Method: Microscopy) | Not seen. | | | |
| Impression | Normocytic | Normocytic normochromic blood picture. | | |
| Advice | Correlate o | clinically. | | |
| | | | | |

*** End Of Report ***

Excellence In Health Care



Page 6 of 16 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



TDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308253 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 02:17 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | HAEMATOLOGY | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | |
| Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) | 8 | mm/hr | 10 or less | | | |

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



Page 7 of 16 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT Name : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA Sample ID : A1307627 Age/Gender : 47 Years/Male Reg. No : 0312412120013 Referred by : Dr. SELF SPP Code : SPL-CV-172 Referring Customer : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS Collected On : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM Primary Sample Received On : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM : Sample Tested In : Urine Reported On : 12-Dec-2024 01:42 PM **Client Address** : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka **Report Status** : Final Report

| | CLINIC | AL PATH | DLOGY |
|--|-------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval |
| Complete Urine Analysis (CUE) | | | |
| Physical Examination | | | |
| Colour | Pale Yellow | | Straw to light amber |
| Appearance | HAZY | | Clear |
| Chemical Examination | | | |
| Glucose (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| Protein (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| (Method: Strip Reflectance) (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| (Method: Ehrlichs reagent) | Negative | | Negative |
| Ketone Bodies (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| Specific Gravity (Method: Strip Reflectance) | 1.005 | | 1.000 - 1.030 |
| (Method: Strip Reflectance) (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| (Method, Reagent Strip Reflectance) (Method, Reagent Strip Reflectance) | 6.0 | | 5.0 - 8.5 |
| (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance) | Negative | | Negative |
| Microscopic Examination (Microscopy) | | | |
| PUS(WBC) Cells | 03-04 | /hpf | 00-05 |
| R.B.C. (Method: Microscopic) | Nil | /hpf | Nil |
| (Methid: Microscopic) (Methid: Microscopic) | 02-03 | /hpf | 00-05 |
| (Method: Microscopic) | Absent | | Absent |
| (Method: Marsecopic) | Absent | | Absent |
| Bacteria | Nil | | Nil |
| | Nil | | Absent |

Comments: Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections, diabetes, hypertension and drug toxicity.



Page 8 of 16 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308337 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Plasma-NaF(F) | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 01:27 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | | AROG | (AM 1.: | 3 PROFI | LE | |
|-------------|--|--------------------|----------|----------|----------------------|-------------|
| est Name | | Results | Units | ; | Biological Reference | ce Interval |
| Glucose Fa | | 91 | mg/d | L | 70-100 | |
| <u> </u> | Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines | Т | | 1 | 1 | _ |
| Diagnosis | FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) | 2hrsPlasma Glucose | e(mg/dL) | HbA1c(%) | RBS(mg/dL) | |
| Prediabetes | 100-125 | 140-199 | | 5.7-6.4 | NA | |
| | > = 126 | > = 200 | | > = 6.5 | >=200(with symptoms) | |

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

*** End Of Report ***

Excellence In Health Care







Page 9 of 16 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



DSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name Sample ID | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA : A1308253, A1308335 | | |
|--------------------|---|---------------|------------------------|
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA, Serum | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 05:29 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | | | |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | |
| | 4.8 | % | Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5 | | | |
| Mean Plasma Glucose | 91.06 | mg/dL | | | | |

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

| Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL) | Level of Control | Hemoglobin A1c (%) | HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increase risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6. percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should b |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------|---|
| 421 | | 14% | confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test. |
| 386 | A 🔺 | 13% | |
| 350 | L | 12% | |
| 314 | E | 11% | |
| 279 | R | 10% | |
| 243 | T | 9% | |
| 208 | | 8% | |
| 172 | POOR | 7% | |
| 136 | GOOD | 6% | |
| 101 | EXCELLENT | 5% | |

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.







Page 10 of 16



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEI | MISTRY | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA, Serum | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 05:29 PM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Sample ID | : A1308253, A1308335 | | |
| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | |
| | | | |

| | | OLINIO | | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | AROG | YAM 1.3 PR | OFILE |
| Test Name | | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval |
| Testosterone Total | 516.76 | ng/dL | Refer Table | |
| Interpretation: | (Testosterone Reference Ranges) | | | |
| Age | Reference Range Male(ng/dL) | Reference Rang | ge Female(ng/dL) | |
| Newborn(1-15days) | 75-400 | 20-64 | | |
| 1-5 Months | 1-177 | 1-5 | | |
| 6-11 Months | 2-7 | 2-5 | | |
| Children: | | | | |
| 1-5 Year | 2-25 | 2-10 | | |
| 6-9 Year | 3-30 | 2-20 | | |
| Puberty Tanner Stage | | | | |
| 1 | 2-23 | 2-10 | | |
| 2 | 5-70 | 5-30 | | |
| 3 | 15-280 | 10-30 | | |
| 4 | 105-545 | 15-40 | | |
| 5 | 265-800 | 10-40 | | |
| Adult | 241-827 | 14-76 | | |

• Testosterone is a steroid hormone (androgen) made by the testes in males. Its production is stimulated and controlled by luteinising hormone (LH), which is manufactured in the pituitary gland. In males, testosterone simulates development of secondary sex characteristics, including enlargement of the penis, growth of body hair and muscle, and a deepening voice. It is present in large amounts in males during puberty and in adult males to regulate the sex drive and maintain muscle mass. Testosterone is also produced by the ovaries in females. The body can convert testosterone to esetradiol, the main sex hormone in females. There is great variability in testosterone levels between men and it is normal for testosterone levels to decline as men get older. Hypogonadism in a male refers to a reduction in sperm and/or testosterone production.







Page 11 of 16 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



ITDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. KANDALA RAMACHANDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308335 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 47 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412120013 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 12-Dec-2024 08:36 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 12-Dec-2024 12:24 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 12-Dec-2024 01:52 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | | | |

| | CLINIC | AL BIOCHE | MISTRY | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | AROG | YAM 1.3 PR | OFILE | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | |
| Lipid Profile | | | | |
| Cholesterol Total (Method: CHOD-POD) | 136 | mg/dL | < 200 | |
| Triglycerides-TGL (Method: GPO-POD) | 80 | mg/dL | < 150 | |
| Cholesterol-HDL (Method: Direct) | 52.9 | mg/dL | 40-60 | |
| Cholesterol-LDL (Method: Calculated) | 67.1 | mg/dL | < 100 | |
| | 16 | mg/dL | 7-35 | |
| | 83.1 | mg/dL | < 130 | |
| Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio | 2.57 | % | 0-4.0 | |
| HDL / LDL Ratio | 0.79 | | | |
| Method: Calculated) | 1.27 | % | 0-3.5 | |

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

| in (mg/dL) | Triglycerides in (mg/dL) | Cholesterol (mg/dL) | in (ma/dl) | Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL) |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|---|
| Adult: < 200 Children: < 170 | < 150 | 40-59 | | <130 |
| | | | 100-129 | 130 - 159 |
| Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199 | 150-199 | | | 160 - 189 |
| Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200 | 200-499 | ≥ 60 | | 190 - 219 |
| | >or=500 | | Adult: >or=190 | >=220 |
| | Children: < 170 dult: 200-239 Children:171-199 dult:>or=240 Children:>or=200 | Children: < 170 | Adult: < 200 | Adult: < 200 < 150 40-59 Adult:<100 Children: < 170 |







Page 12 of 16 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|--|---------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | |
| Liver Function Test (LFT) | | | | | | |
| | 1.2 | mg/dL | 0.1-1.2 | | | |
| Bilirubin (Direct) | 0.3 | mg/dL | 0.0 - 0.3 | | | |
| | 0.9 | mg/dL | 0.2-1.0 | | | |
| Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) (Method: IFCC UV Assay) | 21 | U/L | 15-37 | | | |
| Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P)) | 21 | U/L | 0-55 | | | |
| Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP) | 85 | U/L | 30-120 | | | |
| Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) | 29 | U/L | 15-85 | | | |
| Protein - Total | 6.8 | g/dL | 6.4-8.2 | | | |
| Albumin (Methad: Bramacresol Green (BCG)) | 3.9 | g/dL | 3.4-5.0 | | | |
| | 2.9 | g/dL | 2.0-4.2 Care | | | |
| A:G Ratio (Method: Calculated) | 1.34 | % | 0.8-2.0 | | | |
| SGOT/SGPT Ratio | 1.00 | | | | | |

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer. Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.











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LABORATORY REPORT TEST

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| | | | | |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | |
| Renal Profile (5) | | | | |
| (Method: Arsenazo) | 9.0 | mg/dL | 8.5-10.1 | |
| (Wric Acid (Method: Uricase) | 6.6 | mg/dL | 3.5-7.2 | |
| | 8 | mg/dL | 7.0-18.0 | |
| | 0.79 | mg/dL | 0.70-1.30 | |
| BUN / Creatinine Ratio | 10.12 | | 6 - 22 | |
| (Method: Calculated) | 17.8 | mg/dL | 12.8-42.8 | |
| Electrolyte Profile-Serum | | | | |
| Sodium (Method: 15E Direct) | 142 | mmol/L | 135-150 | |
| Potassium (Method: ISE Direct) | 4.1 | mmol/L | 3.5-5.0 | |
| Chloride (Method: ISE Direct) | 105 | mmol/L | 94-110 | |

Clinical significance:

• Prevents dehydration.

• Maintain the acid-base balance (body pH).

Maintain the osmotic pressure. .

• Body working normally. • It regulates heart rhythm.

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Regulate muscle contractions.

• Help the brain function. • Cells can generate energy.

Note:Separate serum or plasma from cells within 45 minutes of collection; avoid hemolysis.







Page 14 of 16 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------|-----------|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | |
| Iron Profile-I | | | | | |
| (Mathod: Ferrozine) | <u>37</u> | µg/dL | 65-175 | | |
| Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC) | 362 | µg/dL | 250-450 | | |
| Transferrin (Method: Calculated) | 253.15 | mg/dL | 215-365 | | |
| Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) (Method: Calculated) | <u>10.22</u> | % | 20-50 | | |
| Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC) (Method: FerroZine) | 325 | µg/dL | 110 - 370 | | |

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

• Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

• Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

• Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.











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| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|---|--------|--------|----------|--|--|--|
| AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | |
| Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) | | | | | | |
| | 115.36 | ng/dL | 70-204 | | | |
| | 9.2 | µg/dL | 3.2-12.6 | | | |
| TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone | 0.86 | µIU/mL | 0.35-5.5 | | | |

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

| T3 (Triiodothyronine): | | T4 (Thyroxine) | TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) |
|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| First Trimester | : 81-190 ng/dL | 15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL | First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL |
| Second&Third Trime | ester :100-260 ng/dL | | Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL |
| | | | Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL |
| Cord Blood: 30-70 r | ng/dL | Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL | Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL |

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***







