

## Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY REPORT TEST

Name	: Mr. G D MURTHY		
Sample ID	: A1308336, A1308333		
Age/Gender	: 54 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312412140005
Referred by	: Dr. SWATHI	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 14-Dec-2024 08:08 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 14-Dec-2024 03:34 PM
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F), Plasma-NaF(PP)	Reported On	: 14-Dec-2024 04:28 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

**CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY** 

GLUCOSE POST PRANDIAL (PP)							
Test Name		Results	Results Units		Biological Reference Interval		
Glucose F		93	mg/d	L	70-100		
Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018							
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(n	ng/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	]	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA	]	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200		> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)		
Reference: Dia	betes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S2	7		t.	1		
Glucose P	ost Prandial (PP)	127 mg/dL		70-140			
Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018							
Diagnosis FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) 2		2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg	/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)		
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199		5.7-6.4	NA		
					>-200(with symptoms)		

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

- · Postprandial glucose level is a screening test for Diabetes Mellitus
- If glucose level is >140 mg/dL and <200 mg/dL, then GTT (glucose tolerance test) is advised.
- If level after 2 hours = >200 mg/dL diabetes mellitus is confirmed.

• Advise HbA1c for further evaluation.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*









TDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mr. G D MURTHY		
Sample ID	: A1308312		
Age/Gender	: 54 Years/Male	Reg. No	: 0312412140005
Referred by	: Dr. SWATHI	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 14-Dec-2024 08:08 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 14-Dec-2024 01:51 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY							
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval				
Liver Function Test (LFT)							
	1.1	mg/dL	0.1-1.2				
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.3	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3				
	0.8	mg/dL	0.2-1.0				
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) (Method: IFCC UV Assay)	12	U/L	15-37				
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P)	15	U/L	0-55				
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP)	85	U/L	30-120				
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) (Method: IFCC)	15	U/L	15-85				
Protein - Total	<u>6.2</u>	g/dL	6.4-8.2				
Albumin (Method: Bromacresol Green (BCG) )	3.9	g/dL	3.4-5.0				
Globulin (Method: Calculated)	2.3	g/dL	2.0-4.2				
A:G Ratio (Method: Calculated)	1.7	%	0.8-2.0				
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	0.80						

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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