

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308317 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:58 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

HAEMATOLOGY

| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | |
| COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) | | | | | | |
| Method: Cymreth Method | 17.0 | g/dL | 13-17 | | | |
| RBC Count (vethod: Cell Impedence) | <u>5.60</u> | 10^12/L | 4.5-5.5 | | | |
| Haematocrit (HCT) | <u>51.0</u> | % | 40-50 | | | |
| (Method: Calculated) | 92 | fl | 81-101 | | | |
| (Method: Calculated) | 27.0 | pg | 27-32 | | | |
| Molectaria de la constanción Method: Calculated) | 32.5 | g/dL | 32.5-34.5 | | | |
| RDW-CV (Method: Calculated) | 13.3 | % | 11.6-14.0 | | | |
| Platelet Count (PLT) Method: Cell Impedance) | 286 | 10^9/L | 150-410 | | | |
| Total WBC Count | 5.0 | 10^9/L | 4.0-10.0 | | | |
| Neutrophils (Method: Cell Impedence) | 70 | % | 40-70 and Care | | | |
| | 3.5 | 10^9/L | 2.0-7.0 | | | |
| Lymphocytes (Method: Cell Impedence) | 23 | % | 20-40 | | | |
| | 1.15 | 10^9/L | 1.0-3.0 | | | |
| Monocytes | 04 | % | 2-10 | | | |
| (Method: Calculated) | 0.2 | 10^9/L | 0.2-1.0 | | | |
| Eosinophils Method: Microsopy) | 03 | % | 1-6 | | | |
| Absolute Eosinophils Count Method: Calculated) | 0.15 | 10^9/L | 0.02-0.5 | | | |
| Basophils (Method: Microscopy) | 00 | % | 1-2 | | | |
| | 0.00 | 10^9/L | 0.0-0.3 | | | |
| Morphology | | | | | | |
| WBC | Within Nor | mal Limits | | | | |
| RBC | Normocytic | c normochromic | | | | |
| Platelets (Method: Microscopy) | Adequate. | | | | | |

*** End Of Report ***







Page 1 of 12 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308317 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 02:30 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| HAEMATOLOGY | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | |
| Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) | 7 | mm/hr | 10 or less | | |

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



Page 2 of 12 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | | | |
|---|------------------------|--------------|----------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308315 | | | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | | | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | | | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIA | GNOSTICS | | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : | | | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Urine | | | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 01:10 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul | Nagar, Tarna | ika | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | | | AL PATHO | | |
| Test News | Н | | | B PACKAGE | |
| Test Name | | Results | Units | Biological Refere | ence Interval |
| Complete Urine A | nalysis (CUE) | | | | |
| Physical Examinat | ion | | | | |
| Colour | | Pale Yellow | | Straw to light amb | er |
| Appearance | | Clear | | Clear | |
| Chemical Examina | <u>ition</u> | | | | |
| Glucose (Method: Strip Reflectance) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Protein (Method: Strip Reflectance) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Bilirubin (Bile) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Urobilinogen (Method: Ehrlichs reagent) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Ketone Bodies | | Negative | | Negative | |
| (Method: Strip Reflectance) | | 1.020 | | 1.000 - 1.030 | |
| Blood (Method: Strip Reflectance) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Reaction (pH) (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance) | | 6.0 | | 5.0 - 8.5 | |
| Nitrites (Method: Strip Reflectance) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Leukocyte esterase (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance) | | Negative | | Negative | |
| Microscopic Exam | ination (Microscopy) | | | | |
| PUS(WBC) Cells (Method: Microscopy) | | 04-05 | /hpf | 00-05 | |
| R.B.C. (Method: Microscopic) | | Nil | /hpf | Nil | |
| Epithelial Cells | | 02-03 | /hpf | 00-05 | |
| Casts (Method: Microscopic) | | Absent | | Absent | |
| Crystals (Method: Microscopic) | | Absent | | Absent | |
| Bacteria | | Nil | | Nil | |

Budding Yeast Cells





Nil

Page 3 of 12 Swarnabala.M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY

Note : This report is subject to the terms and conditions overleaf. Partial Reproduction of this report is not Permitted

Absent



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| L | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| I | Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
| I | Sample ID | : A1308320 | | |
| I | Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| I | Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| I | Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| I | Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| I | Sample Tested In | : Plasma-NaF(F) | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 01:42 PM |
| | Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--------------------|---------|----------|----------------------|------------|--|
| | HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | |
| Test Name | | Results | Units | ; | Biological Reference | e Interval | |
| Glucose Fa (Method: Hexokinase) | | 99 | mg/d | L | 70-100 | | |
| Interpretation of F | Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2 | 2018 | | -1 | | 1 | |
| Diagnosis | FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) | 2hrsPlasma Glucose | (mg/dL) | HbA1c(%) | RBS(mg/dL) | | |
| Prediabetes | 100-125 | 140-199 | | 5.7-6.4 | NA | | |
| Diabetes | > = 126 | > = 200 | | > = 6.5 | >=200(with symptoms) | | |

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

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*** End Of Report ***

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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308317 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 01:41 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | |
| Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) (Method: HPLC) | 5.2 | % | Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5 | | | |
| Mean Plasma Glucose | 102.54 | mg/dL | | | | |

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

| Average | Level of | Hemoalobin A1c | HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increase risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6. |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL) | Control | (%) | percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should b confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test. |
| 421 | | 14% | commed by repeating the HDAIC test. |
| 386 | _ A _ | 13% | |
| 350 | L | 12% | |
| 314 | E | 11% | |
| 279 | R | 10% | |
| 243 | | 9% | |
| 208 | | 8% | |
| 172 | POOR | 7% | |
| 136 | GOOD | 6% | |
| 101 | EXCELLENT | 5% | |

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

*** End Of Report ***







Page 5 of 12 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

> DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| | | | AIOKI IES | | |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | | | |
| Sample ID | : A1308318 | | | | |
| \ge/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | | | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | | | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| 0 | : V CARE MEDICAL E | DIAGNOSTICS | | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| rimary Sample | : Whole Blood | | | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | | | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:09 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Go | kul Nagar, Far | maka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | | CLINIC | AL BIOCHE | MISTRY | |
| | | | | 3 PACKAGE | |
| Test Name | | Results | Units | Biological Refere | ence Interval |
| (Method: Arsenazo) | | 9.1 | mg/dL | 8.5-10.1 | |
| Comments: | | | | | |
| | | | | 6). In serum, Calcium ex ase in Albumin causes lo | |
| Calcium levels a | and vice-versa. | | | | |
| | n serum depend on the | | | | |
| | | | yperparathyro | idism. decreased levels | are |
| ючни ін нурора | arathyroidism, renal failu | ILE, RICKEIS. | | | |
| | | | - | a file | - de l |
| 25 - Hydroxy Vitamin | D | <u>21.3</u> | ng/mL | <20.0-Deficiency | |
| (Method: CLIA) | | | | 20.0-30.0-Insuffici | |
| | | | | 30.0-100.0-Suffici >100.0-Potential I | |
| rays contact your skin. (2.Vitamin D must go thr body converts vitamin D 3.The 25-hydroxy vitam how much vitamin D you 4.The test is also knowr osteoporosis (bone wea Those who are at higl | Other good sources of the ough several processes is to a chemical known as in D test is the best way t ur body has. The test can a sthe 25-OH vitamin D kness) and rickets (bone n risk of having low lev much exposure to the sur | e vitamin include n your body befo 25-hydroxyvitamio o monitor vitamir determine if you test and the calo malformation). els of vitamin l | fish, eggs, and ore your body ca in D, also called in D levels. The ir vitamin D leve idiol 25-hydroxy | fortified dairy products. It's an use it. The first transfor I calcidiol. amount of 25-hydroxyvitan els are too high or too low. | ody produces vitamin D when the sun's UV s also available as a dietary supplement. mation occurs in the liver. Here, your nin D in your blood is a good indication of n be an important indicator of |
| | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |
| Method : CLIA | | | | | |



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
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| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:09 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | |
| Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin) | 140 | pg/mL | 211-911 | |

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

 $Causes \ of \ vitamin \ B12 \ deficiency \ include: Diseases \ that \ cause \ malabsorption$

- Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

*** End Of Report ***







Page 7 of 12 MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:27 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

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| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | |
| Lipid Profile | | | | | |
| Cholesterol Total (Method: CHOD-POD) | 191 | mg/dL | < 200 | | |
| Triglycerides-TGL | 73 | mg/dL | < 150 | | |
| | 46 | mg/dL | 40-60 | | |
| Cholesterol-LDL (Method: Calculated) | <u>130.4</u> | mg/dL | < 100 | | |
| | 14.6 | mg/dL | 7-35 | | |
| | <u>145</u> | mg/dL | < 130 | | |
| | 4.15 | % | 0-4.0 | | |
| HDL / LDL Ratio | 0.35 | | | | |
| LDL/HDL Ratio (Mathod: Calculated) | 2.83 | % | 0-3.5 | | |

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

| in (mg/dL) | Triglycerides in (mg/dL) | Cholesterol (mg/dL) | in (ma/dl) | Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL) |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Adult: < 200 Children: < 170 | < 150 | 40-59 | Adult:<100 Children: <110 | <130 |
| | | | 100-129 | 130 - 159 |
| Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199 | 150-199 | | Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129 | 160 - 189 |
| Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200 | 200-499 | ≥ 60 | Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130 | 190 - 219 |
| | >or=500 | | Adult: >or=190 | >=220 |
| | Children: < 170 dult: 200-239 Children:171-199 dult:>or=240 Children:>or=200 | Children: < 170 | Adult: < 200 | Adult: < 200 < 150 40-59 Adult:<100 Children: < 170 |

*** End Of Report ***







Page 8 of 12 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



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| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:27 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | | |
| Liver Function Test (LFT) | | | | | | | |
| | 0.7 | mg/dL | 0.1-1.2 | | | | |
| Bilirubin (Direct) | 0.1 | mg/dL | 0.0 - 0.3 | | | | |
| | 0.6 | mg/dL | 0.2-1.0 | | | | |
| Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) (Method: IFCC UV Assay) | 27 | U/L | 15-37 | | | | |
| Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P) | 23 | U/L | 0-55 | | | | |
| Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP) | 108 | U/L | 30-120 | | | | |
| Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) | 78 | U/L | 15-85 | | | | |
| Protein - Total | 6.5 | g/dL | 6.4-8.2 | | | | |
| Albumin (Method: Bramacresol Green (BCG)) | 4.1 | g/dL | 3.4-5.0 | | | | |
| | 2.4 | g/dL | 2.0-4.2 Care | | | | |
| A:G Ratio (Method: Calculated) | 1.71 | % | 0.8-2.0 | | | | |
| SGOT/SGPT Ratio | 1.17 | | | | | | |

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***







Page 9 of 12 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308318 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:27 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
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| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | | |
| Kidney Profile-KFT | | | | | | | |
| Creatinine (Method: Jaffes Kinetic) | 0.79 | mg/dL | 0.70-1.30 | | | | |
| | 22.9 | mg/dL | 12.8-42.8 | | | | |
| Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) | 10.7 | mg/dL | 7.0-18.0 | | | | |
| BUN / Creatinine Ratio | 13.54 | | 6 - 22 | | | | |
| Wric Acid | <u>7.8</u> | mg/dL | 3.5-7.2 | | | | |
| (Method: ISE Direct) | 142 | mmol/L | 135-150 | | | | |
| Potassium (Method: ISE Direct) | 3.9 | mmol/L | 3.5-5.0 | | | | |
| Chloride (Method: ISE Direct) | 104 | mmol/L | 94-110 | | | | |
| T | | | | | | | |

Interpretation:

TDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.







Page 10 of 12 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sample ID | : A1308318 | | | | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 | | | |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 | | | |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM | | | |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM | | | |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:27 PM | | | |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|-----------|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | |
| Iron Profile-I | | | | | |
| Iron(Fe) (Method: Ferrozine) | 77 | µg/dL | 65-175 | | |
| Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC) (Method: Ferrozine) | 397 | µg/dL | 250-450 | | |
| Transferrin (Method: Calculated) | 277.62 | mg/dL | 215-365 | | |
| Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) (wethod: Calculated) | <u>19.4</u> | % | 20-50 | | |
| Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC) (Method: FerroZine) | 320 | µg/dL | 110 - 370 | | |

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

• Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

• Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

• Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

*** End Of Report ***







Page 11 of 12 DR.VAISHNAVI MD BIOCHEMISTRY



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mr. SUDHINDRA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1308318 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 43 Years/Male | Reg. No | : 0312412140011 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 14-Dec-2024 10:03 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 14-Dec-2024 12:05 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 14-Dec-2024 03:09 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------|--------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | |
| Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) | | | | | |
| | 118.52 | ng/dL | 70-204 | | |
| (Method: CLIA) | 7.9 | µg/dL | 3.2-12.6 | | |
| TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone | 2.19 | µIU/mL | 0.35-5.5 | | |

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

| T3 (Triiodothyronine): | | T4 (Thyroxine) | TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| First Trimester | : 81-190 ng/dL | 15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL | First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL |
| Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL | | | Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL |
| | | | Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL |
| Cord Blood: 30-70 n | ng/dL | Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL | Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL |

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***







Page 12 of 12 ID BIOCHEMISTRY