

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Miss. SWETA		
Sample ID	: A1308223		
Age/Gender	: 25 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312412210012
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:18 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 02:44 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	HA	EMATOLOG	βY
	HEALTH PF	ROFILE A-3	PACKAGE
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)			
Haemoglobin (Hb) (Methad: Cymreth Methad)	12.5	g/dL	12-15
RBC Count     Method: Cell Impedence)	<u>4.96</u>	10^12/L	3.8-4.8
Haematocrit (HCT)	44.8	%	40-50
(wetrodu calculated)     MOCV     (wetrodu calculated)	90	fl	81-101
Mothod: Calculated)     Mothod: Calculated)	<u>25.2</u>	pg	27-32
Wethod: Calculated)  MCHC (Wethod: Calculated)	<u>27.9</u>	g/dL	32.5-34.5
(without calculated)     (Without Calculated)	13.9	%	11.6-14.0
Wethod: Calculated Platelet Count (PLT) (wethod: Call Impedance )	302	10^9/L	150-410
Wethod: Cell Impedance )  Total WBC Count  (Method: Impedance)	9.2	10^9/L	4.0-10.0
Wethod: Impedance) Wethod: Cell Impedance)	70	%	40-70 <b>a b C a r e</b>
(with the Cief impedance)     Absolute Neutrophils Count     (with the Impedance)	6.44	10^9/L	2.0-7.0
(withdo: impedance)     (withdo: Joint Coll impedance)     (Withdo: Coll Impedance)	26	%	20-40
(with the Cent Impedance)     Absolute Lymphocyte Count     (with the Impedance)	2.39	10^9/L	1.0-3.0
(Method: Impedence)     Monocytes     (Method: Microscopy)	02	%	2-10
(wethod: //diskup/)     Absolute Monocyte Count     (/wethod: calculated)	<u>0.18</u>	10^9/L	0.2-1.0
(wethod: Cacuated)     Eosinophils     (Method: Microscopy)	02	%	1-6
Absolute Eosinophils Count     Michael Calculate()	0.18	10^9/L	0.02-0.5
Basophils (wethod: Jacuarda)	00	%	1-2
(Method: Microscopy)     Absolute Basophil ICount     (Method: Calculated)	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3
Morphology			
WBC	Within Norr	mal Limits	
RBC	Normocytic	normochromic	blood picture.
Platelets (Method: Microscopy)	Adequate.		

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name Sample ID	: Miss. SWETA : A1308223		
Age/Gender	: 25 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312412210012
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:18 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 03:20 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	HA	EMATOLO	GY	
	HEALTH PI	ROFILE A-3	PACKAGE	
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval	
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	7	mm/hr	10 or less	

**Comments :** ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



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ITDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

#### Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Miss. SWETA				
Sample ID	: A1308348				
Age/Gender	: 25 Years/Female			Reg. No	: 0312412210012
Referred by	: Dr. SELF			SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIA	AGNOSTICS		Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
Primary Sample	:			Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:34 PM
Sample Tested In	: Urine			Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 02:18 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Goku	ui Nagar, Larr	пака	Report Status	: Final Report
		CLINIC	CAL PATHO	LOGY	
		HEALTH PF	ROFILE A-3	PACKAGE	
Test Name		Results	Units	Biological Refere	ence Interval
Physical Examina Colour	<u>tion</u>	Pale Yellov	v	Straw to light amb	er
			V	Straw to light amb	er
Appearance	_	Clear		Clear	
Chemical Examination	<u>ation</u>	<b>N</b> 1		<b>N 1</b>	
Glucose (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
Protein (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
Bilirubin (Bile)		Negative		Negative	
Urobilinogen (Method: Ehrlichs reagent)		Negative		Negative	
(Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
(Method: Strip Reflectance) Specific Gravity (Method: Strip Reflectance)		1.025		1.000 - 1.030	
(Method: Strip Reflectance) (Method: Strip Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	
(Method: Samp Renectance) Reaction (pH) (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)		6.0		5.0 - 8.5	
(Method: Reagent Sinp Reflectance)		Negative		Negative	

/hpf

/hpf

/hpf

Negative

00-05

00-05

Absent

Absent Nil

Absent

Nil

Negative

02-03

02-03

Absent

Absent

Nil

Nil

Nil

# (Method: Strip Reflectance) Leukocyte esterase (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance) Microscopic Examination (Microscopy) PUS(WBC) Cells (Method: Microscopy) R.B.C. (Method: Microscopic) Epithelial Cells (Method: Microscopic) Casts (Method: Microscopic) Crystals

Bacteria

**Budding Yeast Cells** 

**ac-**MF

Julah



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	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
ci i	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:36 PM
TI TV	Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F)	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 01:18 PM
LEMS P	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
0				

	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY				
		HEALTH PROFIL	E A-3 PA	CKAGE	
Test Name		Results Unit	S	Biological Reference	e Interval
Glucose Fa		<u>108</u> mg/	ďL	70-100	
1	Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2			1	1
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:36 PM
	Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA, Serum	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 04:38 PM
	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
L			MICTOV	

	CLINIC	AL BIOCHE	MISTRY	
	HEALTH P	ROFILE A-3	B PACKAGE	
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c)     (Method: HPLC)	5.5	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	
Mean Plasma Glucose	111.15	mg/dL		

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)	HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.
421		14%	commed by repeating the HDATC test.
386	A	13%	
350	L	12%	
314	E	11%	
279	R	10%	
243	T	9%	
208		8%	
172	POOR	7%	
136	GOOD	6%	
101	EXCELLENT	5%	

NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.







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Name Sample ID	: Miss. SWETA : A1308223, A13082	89			
Age/Gender	: 25 Years/Female			Reg. No	: 0312412210012
Referred by	: Dr. SELF			SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DI	IAGNOSTICS		Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood			Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:36 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA,	Serum		Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 04:38 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gok	ul Nagar,Tar	naka	Report Status	: Final Report
		CLINIC	AL BIOCHEMI	STRY	
		HEALTH P	ROFILE A-3 P	ACKAGE	
Test Name		Results	Units	<b>Biological Refer</b>	ence Interval
👦 25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	35.17	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency		

<ol> <li>Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.</li> <li>Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.</li> <li>The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.</li> <li>The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.</li> <li>The set is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).</li> <li>Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:         <ul> <li>a. people with obesity.</li> <li>a. dietary deficiency</li> <li>Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Interpretation: 1.Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's L rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement 2.Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol. 3.The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low. 4.The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation). Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include: 1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun 2.older adults 3.people with obesity. 4.dietary deficiency	(Method: CLIA)			20.0-30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency
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Method : CLIA		<ol> <li>Vitamin D helps your body absorb calc rays contact your skin. Other good sourc 2. Vitamin D must go through several pro body converts vitamin D to a chemical kr 3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the be how much vitamin D your body has. The 4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vi osteoporosis (bone weakness) and ricke <b>Those who are at high risk of having</b> 1.people who don't get much exposure to 2.older adults</li> <li>3.people with obesity.</li> <li>4.dietary deficiency Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication</li> </ol>	es of the vitamin include cesses in your body befi iown as 25-hydroxyvitam st way to monitor vitami test can determine if you tamin D test and the cal ts (bone malformation). <b>Iow levels of vitamin</b> o the sun	e fish, eggs, and foi ore your body can in D, also called ca n D levels. The am ur vitamin D levels cidiol 25-hydroxych	tified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary suppleme use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your alcidiol. Jount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication are too high or too low.
Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin) 431 pg/mL 200-911			131	ng/ml	200-011

#### An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*









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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:36 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 03:36 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval						
Lipid Profile						
(Method: CHOD-POD)	140	mg/dL	< 200			
Triglycerides-TGL     (Method: GPO-POD)	81	mg/dL	< 150			
	46	mg/dL	40-60			
	77.8	mg/dL	< 100			
	16.2	mg/dL	7-35			
Non HDL Cholesterol (Method: Calculated)	94	mg/dL	< 130			
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio	3.04	Ratio	0-4.0			
LDL/HDL Ratio     (Method: Calculated)	1.69	Ratio	0-3.5			

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Trialycoridae	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	I DI Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Ontimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval				
Liver Function Test (LFT)							
	0.5	mg/dL	0.3-1.2				
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3				
	0.4	mg/dL	0.2-1.0				
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)     (Method: IFCC UV Assay)	16	U/L	15-37				
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)     Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P)	13	U/L	0-55				
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP)     (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP)	53	U/L	30-120				
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	10	U/L	5-55				
Protein - Total	7.0	g/dL	6.4-8.2				
(Method: Bromacresol Green (BCG) )	4.1	g/dL	3.4-5.0				
Globulin     (Method: Calculated)	2.9	g/dL	2.0-4.2 Care				
A:G Ratio     (Method: Calculated)	1.41	Ratio	0.8-2.0				
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	<u>1.23</u>	Ratio	<1.0				

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval							
Kidney Profile-KFT							
Creatinine (Method: Jaffes Kinetic)	0.68	mg/dL	0.60-1.10				
	13.1	mg/dL	12.8-42.8				
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	<u>6.12</u>	mg/dL	7.0-18.0				
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	9.00	Ratio	6 - 22				
Wric Acid	<u>2.3</u>	mg/dL	2.6-6.0				
Sodium (Method: ISE Direct)	140	mmol/L	135-150				
Potassium (Method: ISE Direct)	4.4	mmol/L	3.5-5.0				
Chloride (Method: ISE Direct)	102	mmol/L	94-110				
The second se							

#### Interpretation:

TDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.







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Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172		
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM		
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:36 PM		
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 03:36 PM		
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report		

HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval						
Iron Profile-I						
(Method: Ferrozine)	<u>33</u>	µg/dL	50-170			
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC)	<u>482</u>	µg/dL	250-450			
Transferrin     (Mothod: Calculated)	337.06	mg/dL	250-380			
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) (Method: Calculated)	<u>6.85</u>	%	15-50			
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC) (Method: FerroZine)	<u>449</u>	ug/dL	110-370			

#### Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

• Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

• Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

• Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

• Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*











Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

I	Name	: Miss. SWETA		
I	Sample ID	: A1308289		
I	Age/Gender	: 25 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312412210012
L	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
L	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 21-Dec-2024 10:53 AM
I	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 21-Dec-2024 12:36 PM
L	Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 21-Dec-2024 02:55 PM
I	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE						
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)						
	94.01	ng/dL	70-204			
T4 (Thyroxine)	6.9	µg/dL	3.2-12.6			
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	2.22	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5			

#### Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronii	ne):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 μg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL			Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 n	ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

#### Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

#### \*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*







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