SagePath®
Excellence In Health Care

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana.
ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Miss. SUSHMA REDDY		
Sample ID	: A1841400		
Age/Gender	: 41 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312502200013
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 20-Feb-2025 10:16 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:03 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 04:41 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Copper *(Method: Spectrophotometry)*	92	µg/dL	80-155
Zinc - Serum *(Method: Bromo-Paps)*	101	µg/dL	80-120

DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Vitamin Profile			
25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D *(Method: CLIA)*	**26.05**	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency 20.0-30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxication
Vitamin B12 (Cyanocobalamin) *(Method: CLIA)*	309	pg/mL	197 - 771

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption

- Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia)

Interpretation:

- Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
- Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.
- The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.
- .The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

- people who don't get much exposure to the sun
- older adults
- people with obesity.
- dietary deficiency

Increased Levels:

- Vitamin D Intoxication

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Cardiac Risk Markers(5)			
Apolipoprotein (APO-B) *(Method: Immunoturbidimetry)*	83.8	mg/dL	60.0-140.0
Apolipoprotein(APO A1) *(Method: Immunoturbidimetry)*	**177.2**	mg/dL	105.0-175.0
Apolipoprotein B/A1 Ratio *(Method: Calculation)*	0.47		0.35 - 1.00
Homocysteine-Serum *(Method: CLIA)*	**51.1**	µmol/L	3.7 - 13.9
High Sensitivity C-Reactive Protein(hsCRP) *(Method: Immunoturbidimetry)*	**2.25**	mg/L	Low Risk :< 1.0 Average Risk:1.0-3.0 High Risk: > 3.0
Lipoprotein (a) - Lp(a) *(Method: Immunoturbidimetry)*	8.1	mg/dL	< 30.0

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Miss. SUSHMA REDDY		
Sample ID	: A1841397		
Age/Gender	: 41 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312502200013
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 20-Feb-2025 10:16 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:23 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Complete Blood Picture(CBP)			
Haemoglobin (Hb) *(Method: Cynmeth Method)*	12.9	g/dL	12-15
Haematocrit (HCT) *(Method: Calculated)*	**37.4**	%	40-50
RBC Count *(Method: Cell Impedence)*	4.30	10^12/L	3.8-4.8
MCV *(Method: Calculated)*	87	fl	81-101
MCH *(Method: Calculated)*	30.0	pg	27-32
MCHC *(Method: Calculated)*	34.5	g/dL	32.5-34.5
RDW-CV *(Method: Calculated)*	**14.6**	%	11.6-14.0
Platelet Count (PLT) *(Method: Cell Impedance)*	156	10^9/L	150-410
Total WBC Count *(Method: Impedance)*	4.0	10^9/L	4.0-10.0
Differential Leucocyte Count (DC)			
Neutrophils *(Method: Cell Impedence)*	54	%	40-70
Lymphocytes *(Method: Cell Impedence)*	38	%	20-40
Monocytes *(Method: Microscopy)*	06	%	2-10
Eosinophils *(Method: Microscopy)*	02	%	1-6
Basophils *(Method: Microscopy)*	00	%	1-2
Absolute Neutrophils Count *(Method: Impedence)*	2.16	10^9/L	2.0-7.0
Absolute Lymphocyte Count *(Method: Impedence)*	1.52	10^9/L	1.0-3.0
Absolute Monocyte Count *(Method: Calculated)*	0.24	10^9/L	0.2-1.0
Absolute Eosinophils Count *(Method: Calculated)*	0.08	10^9/L	0.02-0.5
Absolute Basophil lCount *(Method: Calculated)*	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3
Morphology *(Method: PAPs Staining)*	Normocytic normochromic		

*** End Of Report ***

MC 3633

Swarnabala.M
DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:38 PM
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HAEMATOLOGY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) *(Method: Westergren method)*	6	mm/hr	10 or less

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process.It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.

Blood Picture - Peripheral Smear Examination

Red Blood Cells *(Method: Microscopy)*	Normocytic normochromic
White Blood Cells *(Method: Microscopy)*	Within normal limits
Platelets *(Method: Microscopy)*	Adequate
Hemoparasites *(Method: Microscopy)*	Not seen.
Impression	Normocytic normochromic blood picture.
Advice	Correlate clinically

MC 3633

Swarnabala - M
DR.SWARNA BALA
MD PATHOLOGY

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Miss. SUSHMA REDDY		
Sample ID	: A1841407		
Age/Gender	: 41 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312502200013
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 20-Feb-2025 10:16 AM
Primary Sample	:	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:01 PM
Sample Tested In	: Urine	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:28 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Complete Urine Analysis (CUE)			
Physical Examination			
Colour	Pale Yellow		Straw to light amber
Appearance	HAZY		Clear
Chemical Examination			
Glucose *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	Negative		Negative
Protein *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	(++)		Negative
Bilirubin (Bile) *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	Negative		Negative
Urobilinogen *(Method: Ehrlichs reagent)*	Negative		Negative
Ketone Bodies *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	Positive		Negative
Specific Gravity *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	1.030		1.000 - 1.030
Blood *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	Positive		Negative
Reaction (pH) *(Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)*	6.0		5.0 - 8.5
Nitrites *(Method: Strip Reflectance)*	Negative		Negative
Leukocyte esterase *(Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)*	Negative		Negative
Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)			
PUS(WBC) Cells *(Method: Microscopy)*	03-04	/hpf	00-05
R.B.C. *(Method: Microscopic)*	Nil	/hpf	Nil
Epithelial Cells *(Method: Microscopic)*	02-03	/hpf	00-05
Casts *(Method: Microscopic)*	Absent		Absent
Crystals *(Method: Microscopic)*	Absent		Absent
Bacteria	Nil		Nil
Budding Yeast Cells *(Method: Microscopy)*	Nil		Absent

Comments : Urine analysis is one of the most useful laboratory tests as it identifies a wide range of medical conditions including renal damage, urinary tract infections,diabetes, hypertension and drug toxicity.

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 12:53 PM
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(F)	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:45 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Glucose Fasting (F) *(Method: Hexokinase)*	84	mg/dL	70-100

Interpretation of Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2018

Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%)	RBS(mg/dL)
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	NA
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

*** End Of Report ***

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:03 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA, Serum	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 03:15 PM
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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) (Method: HPLC)	6.3	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5
Mean Plasma Glucose (Method: Calculated)	134.11	mg/dL	

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG):This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: ***The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.***

INTERPRETATION

Method: Analyzer Fully automated **HPLC** platform.

Average Blood Glucose(eAG) (mg/dL)	Level of Control	Hemoglobin A1c (%)
421	ALERT	14%
386		13%
350		12%
314		11%
279		10%
243		9%
208		8%
172	POOR	7%
136	GOOD	6%
101	EXCELLENT	5%

HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test.

NOTE: *Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.*

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Testosterone Total (Method: CLIA)	40.34	ng/dL	Refer Table

Interpretation: **(Testosterone Reference Ranges)**

Age	Reference Range Male(ng/dL)	Reference Range Female(ng/dL)
Newborn(1-15days)	75-400	20-64
1-5 Months	1-177	1-5
6-11 Months	2-7	2-5
Children:		
1-5 Year	2-25	2-10
6-9 Year	3-30	2-20
Puberty Tanner Stage		
1	2-23	2-10
2	5-70	5-30
3	15-280	10-30
4	105-545	15-40
5	265-800	10-40
Adult	241-827	14-76

- Testosterone is a steroid hormone (androgen) made by the testes in males. Its production is stimulated and controlled by luteinising hormone (LH), which is manufactured in the pituitary gland. In males, testosterone stimulates development of secondary sex characteristics, including enlargement of the penis, growth of body hair and muscle, and a deepening voice. It is present in large amounts in males during puberty and in adult males to regulate the sex drive and maintain muscle mass. Testosterone is also produced by the adrenal glands in both males and females and, in small amounts, by the ovaries in females. The body can convert testosterone to oestradiol, the main sex hormone in females. There is great variability in testosterone levels between men and it is normal for testosterone levels to decline as men get older. Hypogonadism in a male refers to a reduction in sperm and/or testosterone production.

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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:03 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 02:36 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Lipid Profile			
Cholesterol Total *(Method: CHOD-POD)*	167	mg/dL	< 200
Triglycerides-TGL *(Method: GPO-POD)*	96	mg/dL	< 150
Cholesterol-HDL *(Method: Direct)*	49	mg/dL	40-60
Cholesterol-LDL *(Method: Calculated)*	98.8	mg/dL	< 100
Cholesterol- VLDL *(Method: Calculated)*	19.2	mg/dL	7-35
Non HDL Cholesterol *(Method: Calculated)*	118	mg/dL	< 130
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio *(Method: Calculated)*	3.41	Ratio	0-4.0
LDL/HDL Ratio *(Method: Calculated)*	2.02	Ratio	0-3.5

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Triglycerides in (mg/dL)	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	LDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal	-----	-----		100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	**≥ 60**	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High	-----	>or=500		Adult: >or=190 -------	>=220

Note: LDL cholesterol cannot be calculated if triglyceride is >400 mg/dL **(Friedewald's formula)**. Calculated values not provided for LDL and VLDL

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Liver Function Test (LFT)			
Bilirubin(Total) *(Method: Diazo)*	0.4	mg/dL	0.3-1.2
Bilirubin (Direct) *(Method: Diazo)*	0.1	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Bilirubin (Indirect) *(Method: Calculated)*	0.3	mg/dL	0.2-1.0
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) *(Method: IFCC UV Assay)*	**53**	U/L	15-37
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) *(Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P))*	29	U/L	0-55
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) *(Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP)*	56	U/L	30-120
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) *(Method: IFCC)*	**72**	U/L	5-55
Protein - Total *(Method: Biuret)*	7.5	g/dL	6.4-8.2
Albumin *(Method: Bromocresol Green (BCG))*	4.6	g/dL	3.4-5.0
Globulin *(Method: Calculated)*	2.9	g/dL	2.0-4.2
A:G Ratio *(Method: Calculated)*	1.59	Ratio	0.8-2.0
SGOT/SGPT Ratio *(Method: Calculated)*	**1.83**	Ratio	<1.0

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

MC 3633

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CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Renal Profile (5)			
Calcium *(Method: Arsenazo)*	9.9	mg/dL	8.5-10.1
Uric Acid *(Method: Uricase)*	3.3	mg/dL	2.6-6.0
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) *(Method: Calculated)*	7.5	mg/dL	7.0-18.0
Creatinine *(Method: Sarcosine Oxidase Method)*	0.62	mg/dL	0.60-1.10
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	12.09	Ratio	6 - 22
Urea-Serum *(Method: Urease-GLDH,UV Method)*	13.5	mg/dL	12.8-42.8
Iron Profile-I			
Iron(Fe) *(Method: Ferrozine)*	83	µg/dL	50-170
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC) *(Method: Ferrozine)*	369	µg/dL	250-450
Transferrin *(Method: Calculated)*	258.04	mg/dL	250-380
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) *(Method: Calculated)*	22.49	%	15-50
Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC) *(Method: Colorimetric)*	286	ug/dL	110-370

Interpretation:

- Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.
- **Anemia of chronic disease:** Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.
- **Sideroblastic Anemia:** Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.
- **Hemolytic Anemia:** Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.
- **Hemochromatosis:** Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.
- **Protein depletion:** Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal disease.
- **Liver disease:** Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

*** End Of Report ***

MC 3633

DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY
MD BIOCHEMISTRY

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Miss. SUSHMA REDDY		
Sample ID	: A1841400		
Age/Gender	: 41 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312502200013
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 20-Feb-2025 10:16 AM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 20-Feb-2025 01:03 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 20-Feb-2025 02:36 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

AROGYAM 1.3 PROFILE

Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)			
T3 (Triiodothyronine) *(Method: CLIA)*	110.25	ng/dL	70-204
T4 (Thyroxine) *(Method: CLIA)*	12.0	µg/dL	3.2-12.6
TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone *(Method: CLIA)*	3.65	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyronine):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester : 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
		Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***

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