

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

> Page 1 of 12 Swarnabala - M DR.SWARNA BALA

MD PATHOLOGY

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mrs. N NIRMALA | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1842187 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 52 Years/Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Custom | er : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 05:58 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | HAB | EMATOLOG | iΥ |
|---|--------------|----------------|--|
| | HEALTH PR | OFILE A-3 | PACKAGE |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval |
| COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) | | | |
| Haemoglobin (Hb) (Method: Cymreth Method) | <u>11.1</u> | g/dL | 12-15 |
| RBC Count (Method: Cell Impedence) | 4.50 | 10^12/L | 3.8-4.8 |
| | <u>31.3</u> | % | 40-50 |
| (Method: Calculated) | <u>70</u> | fl | 81-101 |
| MCH (Method: Calculated) | <u>24.6</u> | pg | 27-32 |
| MCHC (Method: Calculated) | 34.0 | g/dL | 32.5-34.5 |
| RDW-CV (Nethod: Calculated) | <u>17.0</u> | % | 11.6-14.0 |
| Platelet Count (PLT) Method: Cell Impedance) | 388 | 10^9/L | 150-410 |
| Total WBC Count (Method: Impedance) | 9.1 | 10^9/L | 4.0-10.0 |
| Neutrophils (Wethat: Cell Impedence) | 65 Ce | % | 40-70 |
| | 5.92 | 10^9/L | 2.0-7.0 |
| Wethod: Cell Impedence) | 30 | % | 20-40 |
| Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Method: Impedence) | 2.73 | 10^9/L | 1.0-3.0 |
| Monocytes (Method: Microscopy) | 04 | % | 2-10 |
| | 0.36 | 10^9/L | 0.2-1.0 |
| Eosinophils (Method: Microscopy) | 01 | % | 1-6 |
| | 0.09 | 10^9/L | 0.02-0.5 |
| Basophils | 00 | % | 1-2 |
| Absolute Basophil ICount (Method: Calculated) | 0.00 | 10^9/L | 0.0-0.3 |
| Morphology | | | |
| WBC | Within Norm | nal Limits | |
| RBC | Anisocytosis | s with Normocy | ytic normochromic and Microcytic hypochromic |

Platelets

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*** End Of Report ***





MC 3633

Adequate.

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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name | : Mrs. N NIRMALA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1842187 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 52 Years/Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Whole Blood EDTA | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 04:27 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | HA | EMATOLO | GY | |
|---|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|--|
| | HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | |
| Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) (Method: Westergrein method) | . <u>19</u> | mm/hr | 12 or less | |

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name : Mrs. N NI | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID : A130983 | 7 | | |
| Age/Gender : 52 Years | /Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| Referred by : Dr. SELF | | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| 3 | IEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| Primary Sample : | | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 01:09 PM |
| Sample Tested In : Urine | | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 04:52 PM |
| Client Address : Kimtee co | olony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | CLINICAL PATH | OLOGY | |
| | HEALTH PROFILE A- | 3 PACKAGE | |
| Test Name | Results Units | Biological Refere | ence Interval |
| Complete Urine Analysis (C Physical Examination | | _ | |
| Colour | Pale Yellow | Straw to light amb | er |
| Appearance | Clear | Clear | |
| Chemical Examination | | | |
| Glucose (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | Negative | |
| Protein (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | Negative | |
| Bilirubin (Bile) (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | Negative | |
| Urobilinogen (Method: Ehrlichs reagent) | Negative | Negative | |
| Ketone Bodies (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | Negative | |
| Specific Gravity (Method: Strip Reflectance) | 1.015 | 1.000 - 1.030 | |
| Blood (Method: Strip Reflectance) | Negative | Negative | |
| Reaction (pH) | 6.0 | 5.0 - 8.5 | |

Negative

Negative

00-05

00-05

Absent

Absent

Absent

Nil

Nil

| Leukocyte esterase (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance) |
|---|
| Microscopic Examination (Microscopy) |
| PUS(WBC) Cells (Method: Microscopy) |
| R.B.C. (Method: Microscopic) |
| Epithelial Cells (Method: Microscopic) |

Nitrites

Casts

Crystals

Bacteria

Strip Reflectance)

conic

Budding Yeast Cells

| 02-03 | /hpf |
|--------|------|
| Absent | |
| Absent | |
| Nil | |
| Nil | |
| | |
| | |

Negative

Negative

02-04

Nil





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/hpf

/hpf

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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| Name Sample ID | : Mrs. N NIRMALA : A1842186 | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Age/Gender | : 52 Years/Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Plasma-NaF(F) | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 02:56 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | | F | IEALTH PRO | OFILE | A-3 PA | CKAGE |
|------------------------------------|--|------|-------------------|--------|----------|----------------------|
| est Name | | _ | Results | Units | | Biological Reference |
| Glucose Fa (Method: Hexokinase) | | ×. | <u>117</u> | mg/d | L | 70-100 |
| nterpretation of I | Plasma Glucose based on ADA guidelines 2 | 2018 | | | | |
| Diagnosis | FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL) | 2hrs | sPlasma Glucose(r | mg/dL) | HbA1c(%) | RBS(mg/dL) |
| Prediabetes | 100-125 | | 140-199 | | 5.7-6.4 | NA |
| Diabetes | > = 126 | | > = 200 | | > = 6.5 | >=200(with symptoms) |

Reference: Diabetes care 2018:41(suppl.1):S13-S27

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| | CLINICA | AL BIOCHE | MISTRY | |
|--|-----------|------------|--|--|
| | HEALTH PI | ROFILE A-3 | B PACKAGE | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | |
| Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) (Method: HPLC) | 5.8 | % | Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5 | |
| Mean Plasma Glucose | 119.76 | mg/dL | | |

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform. HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased Average Level of Hemoglobin A1c risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 Blood Glucose(eAG) Control (%) percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be (mg/dL) confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test. 421 14% 386 13% 350 L 12% E 314 11% R 279 10% Т 243 9% 208 8% 172 POOR 7% 136 GOOD 6% 101 5% NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence

of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

*** End Of Report ***







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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| | arnaka CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | | : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM : Final Report |
|--|--|--|--|
| ears/Female SELF RE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC le Blood im see colony ,Gokul Nagar,T CLINI HEALTH | arnaka CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | SPP Code Collected On Received On Reported On Report Status | : SPL-CV-172 : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM : Final Report |
| SELF RE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC le Blood m cee colony ,Gokul Nagar,T CLINI HEALTH | arnaka CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | SPP Code Collected On Received On Reported On Report Status | : SPL-CV-172 : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM : Final Report |
| RE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC ile Blood im iee colony ,Gokul Nagar,T CLINI HEALTH | arnaka CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | Collected On Received On Reported On Report Status | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM : Final Report |
| ile Blood m ee colony ,Gokul Nagar,T CLINI HEALTH | arnaka CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | Received On Reported On Report Status EMISTRY 3 PACKAGE | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM : Final Report |
| m tee colony ,Gokul Nagar,T CLINI HEALTH | CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | Reported On Report Status EMISTRY 3 PACKAGE | : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM : Final Report |
| ee colony ,Gokul Nagar,T CLINI HEALTH | CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | Report Status EMISTRY 3 PACKAGE | : Final Report |
| CLINI HEALTH | CAL BIOCHI PROFILE A- | EMISTRY 3 PACKAGE | |
| HEALTH | PROFILE A- | 3 PACKAGE | |
| | _ | | nnco Intorval |
| Results | Units | Biological Refere | nco Intorval |
| | | • | fille interval |
| 0.0 | | 0 5 40 4 | |
| . 9.8 | mg/dL | 8.5-10.1 | |
| bound form (with Albumin). -versa. h depend on the Parathyroid | Hence, a decrea Hormone. | ase in Albumin causes lo | wer |
| | h bound form (with Albumin). -versa. h depend on the Parathyroid I | n bound form (with Albumin). Hence, a decrea e-versa. n depend on the Parathyroid Hormone. | |

| >100.0-Potential Intoxication |
|-------------------------------|
|-------------------------------|

Interpretation:

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Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement.
 Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.

3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.

4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun

2.older adults

3.people with obesity.

4.dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method : CLIA







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REPORT LABORATORY TEST

| L | Name | : Mrs. N NIRMALA | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| L | Sample ID | : A1842188 | | |
| L | Age/Gender | : 52 Years/Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| L | Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| L | Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| L | Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM |
| L | Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 04:45 PM |
| | Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | | | | |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | |
| Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin) | 276 | pg/mL | 200-911 | | | |

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption

- Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia) •

*** End Of Report ***





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| | Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

- . .

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | |
| Lipid Profile | | | | | | |
| Cholesterol Total (Method: CHOD-POD) | <u>286</u> | mg/dL | < 200 | | | |
| Triglycerides-TGL | <u>226</u> | mg/dL | < 150 | | | |
| | 43 | mg/dL | 40-60 | | | |
| Cholesterol-LDL (Method: Calculated) | <u>197.8</u> | mg/dL | < 100 | | | |
| Cholesterol- VLDL | <u>45.2</u> | mg/dL | 7-35 | | | |
| Non HDL Cholesterol | <u>243</u> | mg/dL | < 130 | | | |
| Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio | <u>6.65</u> | Ratio | 0-4.0 | | | |
| DL/HDL Ratio | <u>4.6</u> | Ratio | 0-3.5 | | | |

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

| NCEP Recommendations | Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL) | Trialvooridoe | HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL) | I DI Cholesterol | Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Optimal | Adult: < 200 Children: < 170 | < 150 | 40-59 | Adult:<100 Children: <110 | <130 |
| Above Optimal | | | | 100-129 | 130 - 159 |
| Borderline High | Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199 | 150-199 | | Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129 | 160 - 189 |
| High | Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200 | 200-499 | ≥ 60 | Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130 | 190 - 219 |
| Very High | | >or=500 | | Adult: >or=190 | >=220 |

*** End Of Report ***







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| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | | |
|--|------|-------|-----------|--|--|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | | |
| Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | | |
| Liver Function Test (LFT) | | | | | | | |
| | 0.3 | mg/dL | 0.3-1.2 | | | | |
| Bilirubin (Direct) | 0.0 | mg/dL | 0.0 - 0.3 | | | | |
| | 0.3 | mg/dL | 0.2-1.0 | | | | |
| Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) (Method: IFCC UV Assay) | 23 | U/L | 15-37 | | | | |
| Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P)) | 26 | U/L | 0-55 | | | | |
| Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP) | 63 | U/L | 30-120 | | | | |
| Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) (Method: IFCC) | 31 | U/L | 5-55 | | | | |
| Protein - Total | 7.7 | g/dL | 6.4-8.2 | | | | |
| Albumin (Method: Bromacresol Green (BCG)) | 4.2 | g/dL | 3.4-5.0 | | | | |
| | 3.5 | g/dL | 2.0-4.2 | | | | |
| A:G Ratio (Method: Calculated) | 1.2 | Ratio | 0.8-2.0 | | | | |
| BGOT/SGPT Ratio | 0.88 | Ratio | <1.0 | | | | |

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***







DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY

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| | | | | | | |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|--------|-----------|--|--|--|--------------------|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | Kidney Profile-KFT |
| (Method: Sarcosine Oxidase Method) | 0.71 | mg/dL | 0.60-1.10 | | | | |
| (Wethod: Urease-GLDH, UV Method) | 24.9 | mg/dL | 12.8-42.8 | | | | |
| | 11.64 | mg/dL | 7.0-18.0 | | | | |
| BUN / Creatinine Ratio | 16.39 | Ratio | 6 - 22 | | | | |
| (Method: Uricase) | 4.9 | mg/dL | 2.6-6.0 | | | | |
| (Method: ISE Direct) | 137 | mmol/L | 135-150 | | | | |
| Potassium (Method: ISE Direct) | 3.9 | mmol/L | 3.5-5.0 | | | | |
| Chloride (Method: ISE Direct) | 100 | mmol/L | 94-110 | | | | |
| _ | | | | | | | |

Interpretation:

ITDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.





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DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY

*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT LABORATORY TEST

| Name | : Mrs. N NIRMALA | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| Sample ID | : A1842188 | | |
| Age/Gender | : 52 Years/Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM |
| Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 05:03 PM |
| Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |

| | CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | | |
| Iron Profile-I | Iron Profile-I | | | | | |
| (Muthad: Ferrazine) | . 63 | µg/dL | 50-170 | | | |
| Motified Ferrozine) | 390 | µg/dL | 250-450 | | | |
| Transferrin (Method: Calculated) | 272.73 | mg/dL | 250-380 | | | |
| Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) (Method: Calculated) | 16.15 | % | 15-50 | | | |
| Unsaturated Iron Binding Capacity (UIBC) (Method: Colorimetric) | 327 | ug/dL | 110-370 | | | |

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal . disease

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

*** End Of Report ***



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DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY

*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

| I | Name | : Mrs. N NIRMALA | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|
| I | Sample ID | : A1842188 | | |
| I | Age/Gender | : 52 Years/Female | Reg. No | : 0312503280015 |
| I | Referred by | : Dr. SELF | SPP Code | : SPL-CV-172 |
| I | Referring Customer | : V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS | Collected On | : 28-Mar-2025 11:19 AM |
| I | Primary Sample | : Whole Blood | Received On | : 28-Mar-2025 12:51 PM |
| I | Sample Tested In | : Serum | Reported On | : 28-Mar-2025 04:33 PM |
| | Client Address | : Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka | Report Status | : Final Report |
| | | | | |

| CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|--------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE | | | | | |
| Test Name | Results | Units | Biological Reference Interval | | |
| Thyroid Profile-I(TFT) | | | | | |
| | 110.32 | ng/dL | 40-181 | | |
| | 7.1 | µg/dL | 3.2-12.6 | | |
| TSH -Thyroid Stimulating Hormone | <u>6.17</u> | µIU/mL | 0.35-5.5 | | |

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

DSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

| T3 (Triiodothyroni | ne): | T4 (Thyroxine) | TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| First Trimester | : 81-190 ng/dL | 15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL | First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL |
| Second&Third Trimester :100-260 ng/dL | | | Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL |
| | | | Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL |
| Cord Blood: 30-70 r | ng/dL | Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL | Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL |

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***









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AD BIOCHEMISTRY

*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD