

ITDOSE INFOSYSTEMS PVT. LTD.

Sagepath Labs Pvt. Ltd.

Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name Sample ID	: Mrs. PARIMALA : B2622914		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:14 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

HAEMATOLOGY

	HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE					
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval			
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)						
Haemoglobin (Hb)	12.5	g/dL	12-15			
(Method: Cynmeth Method) RBC Count	4.69	10^12/L	3.8-4.8			
(Method: Cell Impedence) Haematocrit (HCT) (Method: Calculated)	41.4	%	40-50			
(Method: Calculated)	88	fl	81-101			
(Method: Calculated)	27.0	pg	27-32			
MCHC	32.5	g/dL	32.5-34.5			
RDW-CV	14.0	%	11.6-14.0			
Method: Calculated)	385	10^9/L	150-410			
(Method: Cell Impedance) Total WBC Count	<u>10.9</u>	10^9/L	4.0-10.0			
(Method: Impedance) (Method: Impedance) (Method: Cell Impedance)	67	%	40-70			
(Method: Cell Impedence)	<u>7.3</u>	10^9/L	2.0-7.0			
(Method: Impedence)	25	%	20-40			
(Method: Cell Impedence)	2.73	10^9/L	1.0-3.0			
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Method: Impedance) Monocytes	06	%	2-10			
(Methad: Microscopy) Absolute Monocyte Count	0.65	10^9/L	0.2-1.0			
(Method: Calculated) (Description of the color of the co	02	%	1-6			
(Method: Microscopy)	0.22	10^9/L	0.02-0.5			
Absolute Eosinophils Count (Method: Calculated) Basophils	0	%	1-2			
Absolute Basophil ICount	0.00	10^9/L	0.0-0.3			
(Method: Calculate) Atypical cells	0.00	10 5/2	0.0 0.0			
Morphology_	0.00					
WBC	Mild Leuco	cytosis				
RBC	Normocytic	c normochromic	blood picture.			
Platelets (Method: Microscopy)	Adequate.					





MC 3633

*** End Of Report ***

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*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name Sample ID	: Mrs. PARIMALA : B2622914		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:25 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	HA	EMATOLO	GY		
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE					
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval		
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR) (Method: Westergren method)	. 9	mm/hr	10 or less		

Comments : ESR is an acute phase reactant which indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It is never diagnostic of a specific disease. It is used to monitor the course or response to treatment of certain diseases. Extremely high levels are found in cases of malignancy, hematologic diseases, collagen disorders and renal diseases.



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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Nome							
Name Sample ID	: Mrs. PARIMALA : B2622921						
Sample ID Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female		Dog No	: 0312504230051			
Ũ	: Dr. SELF		Reg. No SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172			
Referred by							
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOST	ICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM			
Primary Sample	:		Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM			
Sample Tested In	: Urine		Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:21 PM			
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar	,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report			
	CI		DLOGY				
	HEALT	H PROFILE A-	B PACKAGE				
Test Name	Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval						
Complete Urine A	Analysis (CUE)						
Physical Examina	<u>tion</u>						
Colour	Pale	Yellow	Straw to light amb	er			
Appearance	HAZY	,	Clear				
Chemical Examination	ation						
Glucose (Method: Strip Reflectance)	Nega	tive	Negative				
Protein (Method: Strip Reflectance)	Nega	tive	Negative				
(Method: Strip Reflectance) (Method: Strip Reflectance)	Nega	tive	Negative				
Urobilinogen (Method: Ehrlichs reagent)	Nega	tive	Negative				
Ketone Bodies	Nega	tive	Negative				

(Method: Strip Reflectance)	Negative		Negative
Urobilinogen (Method: Ehrlichs reagent)	Negative		Negative
Ketone Bodies (Method: Strip Reflectance)	Negative		Negative
Specific Gravity (Method: Strip Reflectance)	1.030		1.000 - 1.030
Blood (Wethod: Strip Reflectance)	(+)		Negative
Reaction (pH) (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)	5.5		5.0 - 8.5
Nitrites (Method: Strip Reflectance)	Negative		Negative
Leukocyte esterase (Method: Reagent Strip Reflectance)	Negative		Negative
Microscopic Examination (Microscopy)			
PUS(WBC) Cells (Method: Microscopy)	03-04	/hpf	00-05
R.B.C. (Method: Microscopic)	02-03	/hpf	Nil
Epithelial Cells (Method: Microscopic)	01-02	/hpf	00-05
Casts (Method: Microscopic)	Absent		Absent
Crystals (Method: Microscopic)	Absent		Absent
Bacteria	Nil		Nil
Budding Yeast Cells (Method: Microscopy)	Nil		Absent







Swarnabale - M DR.SWARNA BALA MD PATHOLOGY

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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mrs. PARIMALA		
Sample ID	: B2622912		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Plasma-NaF(R)	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:33 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

		GLUCOS	E RANDOM (F	RBS)	
est Name		Results	Units	Biological Referen	ce Interval
Glucose R	andom (RBS)	. 122	mg/dL	70-140	
Interpretation	of Plasma Glucose based on AI	DA guidelines 2024			
Diagnosis	FastingPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	2hrsPlasma Glucose(mg/dL)	HbA1c(%	%) RBS(mg/dL)	
Prediabetes	100-125	140-199	5.7-6.4	1 NA	
Diabetes	> = 126	> = 200	> = 6.5	>=200(with symptoms)	

• The random blood glucose if it is above 200 mg/dL and the patient has increased thirst, polyuria, and polyphagia, suggests diabetes mellitus.

• As a rule, two-hour glucose samples will reach the fasting level or it will be in the normal range.

*** End Of Report ***





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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name Sample ID	: Mrs. PARIMALA : B2622914		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Whole Blood EDTA	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:52 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	CLINICA	AL BIOCHE	MISTRY	
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE				
Test Name	Results	Units	Biological Reference Interval	
Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c) (Method: HPLC)	<u>6.5</u>	%	Non Diabetic:< 5.7 Pre diabetic: 5.7-6.4 Diabetic:>= 6.5	
Mean Plasma Glucose	139.85	mg/dL		

Glycated hemoglobins (GHb), also called glycohemoglobins, are substances formed when glucose binds to hemoglobin, and occur in amounts proportional to the concentration of serum glucose. Since red blood cells survive an average of 120 days, the measurement of GHb provides an index of a person's average blood glucose concentration (glycemia) during the preceding 2-3 months. Normally, only 4% to 6% of hemoglobin is bound to glucose, while elevated glycohemoglobin levels are seen in diabetes and other hyperglycemic states Mean Plasma Glucose(MPG): This Is Mathematical Calculations Where Glycated Hb Can Be Correlated With Daily Mean Plasma Glucose Level

NOTE: The above Given Risk Level Interpretation is not age specific and is an information resource only and is not to be used or relied on for any diagnostic or treatment purposes and should not be used as a substitute for professional diagnosis and treatment. Kindly Correlate clinically.

INTERPRETATION Method: Analyzer Fully automated HPLC platform. HbA1c values of 5.0- 6.5 percent indicate good control or an increased Average Level of Hemoglobin A1c risk for developing diabetes mellitus. HbA1c values greater than 6.5 Blood Glucose(eAG) Control (%) percent are diagnostic of diabetes mellitus. Diagnosis should be (mg/dL) confirmed by repeating the HbA1c test. 421 14% 386 13% 350 L 12% E 314 11% R 279 10% Т 243 9% 208 8% 172 POOR 7% 136 GOOD 6% 101 5% NOTE: Hb F higher than 10 percent of total Hb may yield falsely low results. Conditions that shorten red cell survival, such as the presence

of unstable hemoglobins like Hb SS, Hb CC, and Hb SC, or other causes of hemolytic anemia may yield falsely low results. Iron deficiency anemia may yield falsely high results.

*** End Of Report ***





*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD

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DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY





Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mrs. PARIMALA				
Sample ID	: B2622911				
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female			Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF			SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIA	GNOSTICS		Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood			Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum			Reported On	: 24-Apr-2025 12:05 AM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Goku	I Nagar, Tarr	naka	Report Status	: Final Report
TestNews	H			PACKAGE	
Test Name		Results	Units	Biological Refere	ence Interval
Calcium (Method: Arsenazo)		9.94	mg/dL	8.5-10.1	
Comments:					
free ionised form	body is found mainly in the n and in bound form (with and vice-versa.				

- Calcium levels in serum depend on the Parathyroid Hormone.
- · Increased Calcium levels are found in Bone tumors, Hyperparathyroidism. decreased levels are found in Hypoparathyroidism, renal failure, Rickets.

25 - Hydroxy Vitamin D	35.51	ng/mL	<20.0-Deficiency 20.0-30.0-Insufficiency 30.0-100.0-Sufficiency >100.0-Potential Intoxication	
------------------------	-------	-------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

Interpretation:

1.Vitamin D helps your body absorb calcium and maintain strong bones throughout your entire life. Your body produces vitamin D when the sun's UV rays contact your skin. Other good sources of the vitamin include fish, eggs, and fortified dairy products. It's also available as a dietary supplement. Vitamin D must go through several processes in your body before your body can use it. The first transformation occurs in the liver. Here, your body converts vitamin D to a chemical known as 25-hydroxyvitamin D, also called calcidiol.

3. The 25-hydroxy vitamin D test is the best way to monitor vitamin D levels. The amount of 25-hydroxyvitamin D in your blood is a good indication of how much vitamin D your body has. The test can determine if your vitamin D levels are too high or too low.

4. The test is also known as the 25-OH vitamin D test and the calcidiol 25-hydroxycholecalcifoerol test. It can be an important indicator of osteoporosis (bone weakness) and rickets (bone malformation).

Those who are at high risk of having low levels of vitamin D include:

1.people who don't get much exposure to the sun

2.older adults

3.people with obesity.

4. dietary deficiency

Increased Levels: Vitamin D Intoxication

Method : CLIA





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REPORT LABORATORY TEST

Reg. No	: 0312504230051
SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Reported On	: 24-Apr-2025 12:05 AM
Report Status	: Final Report
-	SPP Code Collected On Received On Reported On

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY					
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE					
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval					
Vitamin- B12 (cyanocobalamin)	<u>146</u>	pg/mL	200-911		

Interpretation:

This test is most often done when other blood tests suggest a condition called megaloblastic anemia. Pernicious anemia is a form of megaloblastic anemia caused by poor vitamin B12 absorption. This can occur when the stomach makes less of the substance the body needs to properly absorb vitamin B12.

Causes of vitamin B12 deficiency include:Diseases that cause malabsorption

- Lack of intrinsic factor, a protein that helps the intestine absorb vitamin B12
- Above normal heat production (for example, with hyperthyroidism)

An increased vitamin B12 level is uncommon in:

- Liver disease (such as cirrhosis or hepatitis)
- Myeloproliferative disorders (for example, polycythemia vera and chronic myelogenous leukemia) •

*** End Of Report ***





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LABORATORY TEST REPORT

l	Name	: Mrs. PARIMALA		
L	Sample ID	: B2622911		
I	Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
l	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
L	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
l	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
l	Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:52 PM
l	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

- . .

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY								
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE								
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval								
Lipid Profile								
	178.3	mg/dL	< 200					
	<u>186.8</u>	mg/dL	< 150					
	40.0	mg/dL	40-60					
	<u>100.94</u>	mg/dL	< 100					
	<u>37.36</u>	mg/dL	7-35					
	<u>138.3</u>	mg/dL	< 130					
Cholesterol Total /HDL Ratio (Method: Calculated)	4.46	Ratio	0-4.0					
Method: Calculated)	2.52	Ratio	0-3.5					

The National Cholesterol Education program's third Adult Treatment Panel (ATPIII) has issued its recommendations on evaluating and treating lipid discorders for primary and secondary.

NCEP Recommendations	Cholesterol Total in (mg/dL)	Trialvooridoe	HDL Cholesterol (mg/dL)	I DI Cholesterol	Non HDL Cholesterol in (mg/dL)
Optimal	Adult: < 200 Children: < 170	< 150	40-59	Adult:<100 Children: <110	<130
Above Optimal				100-129	130 - 159
Borderline High	Adult: 200-239 Children:171-199	150-199		Adult: 130-159 Children: 111-129	160 - 189
High	Adult:>or=240 Children:>or=200	200-499	≥ 60	Adult:160-189 Children:>or=130	190 - 219
Very High		>or=500		Adult: >or=190	>=220

*** End Of Report ***







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Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

REPORT LABORATORY TEST

L				
L	Name	: Mrs. PARIMALA		
L	Sample ID	: B2622911		
L	Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
L	Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
L	Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
L	Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
L	Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:52 PM
L	Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY								
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE								
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval								
Liver Function Test (LFT)								
	0.42	mg/dL	0.3-1.2					
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.17	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3					
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.25	mg/dL	0.2-1.0					
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT) (Method: IFCC UV Assay)	23.4	U/L	15-37					
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT) Method: IFCC with out (P-5-P)	27.0	U/L	0-55					
Alkaline Phosphatase(ALP) (Method: Kinetic PNPP-AMP)	60.4	U/L	30-120					
Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP)	30.2	U/L	5-55					
Protein - Total	<u>8.45</u>	g/dL	6.4-8.2					
Albumin (Method: Bromacresol Green (BCG))	<u>5.1</u>	g/dL	3.4-5.0					
Globulin (Method: Calculated)	3.35	g/dL	2.0-4.2					
A:G Ratio (Method: Calculated)	1.52	Ratio	0.8-2.0					
SGOT/SGPT Ratio	0.87	Ratio	<1.0					

Alanine Aminotransferase(ALT) is an enzyme found in liver and kidneys cells. ALT helps create energy for liver cells. Damaged liver cells release ALT into the bloodstream, which can elevate ALT levels in the blood.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) is an enzyme in the liver and muscles that helps metabolizes amino acids. Similarly to ALT, elevated AST levels may be a sign of liver damage or liver disease.

Alkaline phosphate (ALP) is an enzyme present in the blood. ALP contributes to numerous vital bodily functions, such as supplying nutrients to the liver, promoting bone growth, and metabolizing fat in the intestines.

Gamma-glutamyl Transpeptidase (GGTP) is an enzyme that occurs primarily in the liver, but it is also present in the kidneys, pancreas, gallbladder, and spleen. Higher than normal concentrations of GGTP in the blood may indicate alcohol-related liver damage. Elevated GGTP levels can also increase the risk of developing certain types of cancer.

Bilirubin is a waste product that forms when the liver breaks down red blood cells. Bilirubin exits the body as bile in stool. High levels of bilirubin can cause jaundice - a condition in which the skin and whites of the eyes turn yellow- and may indicate liver damage.

Albumin is a protein that the liver produces. The liver releases albumin into the bloodstream, where it helps fight infections and transport vitamins, hormones, and enzymes throughout the body. Liver damage can cause abnormally low albumin levels.

*** End Of Report ***







DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY

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Sample ID	: B2622911					
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051			
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Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM			
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM			
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:52 PM			
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report			

HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE								
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval								
Kidney Profile-KFT								
Creatinine (Method: Sarcosine Oxidase Method)	0.88	mg/dL	0.60-1.10					
Wrea-Serum (Method: Urease-GLDH, UV Method)	19.0	mg/dL	12.8-42.8					
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)	8.89	mg/dL	7.0-18.0					
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	10.10	Ratio	6 - 22					
Write Acid	<u>6.63</u>	mg/dL	2.6-6.0					
Sodium (Method: ISE Direct)	141	mmol/L	135-150					
Potassium (Method: ISE Direct)	4.0	mmol/L	3.5-5.0					
Chloride (Method: ISE Direct)	102	mmol/L	94-110					

Interpretation:

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• The kidneys, located in the retroperitoneal space in the abdomen, are vital for patient health. They process several hundred liters of fluid a day and remove around two liters of waste products from the bloodstream. The volume of fluid that passes though the kidneys each minute is closely linked to cardiac output. The kidneys maintain the body's balance of water and concentration of minerals such as sodium, potassium, and phosphorus in blood and remove waste by-products from the blood after digestion, muscle activity and exposure to chemicals or medications. They also produce renin which helps regulate blood pressure, produce erythropoietin which stimulates red blood cell production, and produce an active form of vitamin D, needed for bone health.



DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY

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Name Sample ID	: Mrs. PARIMALA : B2622911		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
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Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:52 PM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report

	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY						
HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE							
Test Name Results Units Biological Reference Interval							
Iron Profile-I							
(Muthad: Ferrazine)	<u>48</u>	µg/dL	50-170				
Total Iron Binding Capacity (TIBC) (Multad: Ferrazine)	<u>462</u>	µg/dL	250-450				
	323.08	mg/dL	250-380				
Iron Saturation((% Transferrin Saturation) (Method: Calculated)	<u>10.39</u>	%	15-50				
	<u>414</u>	ug/dL	110-370				

Interpretation:

• Serum transferrin (and TIBC) high, serum iron low, saturation low. Usual causes of depleted iron stores include blood loss, inadequate dietary iron. RBCs in moderately severe iron deficiency are hypochromic and microcytic. Stainable marrow iron is absent. Serum ferritin decrease is the earliest indicator of iron deficiency if inflammation is absent.

• Anemia of chronic disease: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) low to normal, serum iron low, saturation low or normal. Transferrin decreases with many inflammatory diseases. With chronic disease there is a block in movement to and utilization of iron by marrow. This leads to low serum iron and decreased erythropoiesis. Examples include acute and chronic infections, malignancy and renal failure.

Sideroblastic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron normal to high, saturation high.

Hemolytic Anemia: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) normal to low, serum iron high, saturation high.

Hemochromatosis: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) slightly low, serum iron high, saturation very high.

Protein depletion: Serum transferrin (and TIBC) may be low, serum iron normal or low (if patient also is iron deficient). This may occur as a result of malnutrition, liver disease, renal . disease

• Liver disease: Serum transferrin variable; with acute viral hepatitis, high along with serum iron and ferritin. With chronic liver disease (eg, cirrhosis), transferrin may be low. Patients who have cirrhosis and portacaval shunting have saturated TIBC/transferrin as well as high ferritin.

*** End Of Report ***



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DR. LAVANYA LAGISETTY MD BIOCHEMISTRY

*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD



Lab Address:- # Plot No. 564 , 1st floor , Buddhanagar , Near Sai Baba Temple Peerzadiguda Boduppal Hyderabad, Telangana. ICMR Reg .No. SAPALAPVLHT (Covid -19)

LABORATORY TEST REPORT

Name	: Mrs. PARIMALA		
Sample ID	: B2622911		
Age/Gender	: 36 Years/Female	Reg. No	: 0312504230051
Referred by	: Dr. SELF	SPP Code	: SPL-CV-172
Referring Customer	: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS	Collected On	: 23-Apr-2025 09:29 PM
Primary Sample	: Whole Blood	Received On	: 23-Apr-2025 11:00 PM
Sample Tested In	: Serum	Reported On	: 24-Apr-2025 12:02 AM
Client Address	: Kimtee colony ,Gokul Nagar,Tarnaka	Report Status	: Final Report
	Sample ID Age/Gender Referred by Referring Customer Primary Sample Sample Tested In	Sample ID: B2622911Age/Gender: 36 Years/FemaleReferred by: Dr. SELFReferring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICSPrimary Sample: Whole BloodSample Tested In: Serum	Sample ID: B2622911Age/Gender: 36 Years/FemaleReg. NoReferred by: Dr. SELFSPP CodeReferring Customer: V CARE MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICSCollected OnPrimary Sample: Whole BloodReceived OnSample Tested In: SerumReported On

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY HEALTH PROFILE A-3 PACKAGE				
Thyroid Profile-I(TFT)	<i>x</i>			
	110.12	ng/dL	70-204	
	11.89	µg/dL	3.2-12.6	
TSH - Thyroid Stimulating Hormone	<u>15.62</u>	µIU/mL	0.35-5.5	

Pregnancy & Cord Blood

T3 (Triiodothyroni	ne):	T4 (Thyroxine)	TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)
First Trimester	: 81-190 ng/dL	15 to 40 weeks:9.1-14.0 µg/dL	First Trimester : 0.24-2.99 µIU/mL
Second&Third Trime	ester :100-260 ng/dL		Second Trimester: 0.46-2.95 µIU/mL
			Third Trimester : 0.43-2.78 µIU/mL
Cord Blood: 30-70 r	ng/dL	Cord Blood: 7.4-13.0 µg/dL	Cord Blood: : 2.3-13.2 µIU/mL

Interpretation:

- Thyroid gland is a butterfly-shaped endocrine gland that is normally located in the lower front of the neck. The thyroid's job is to make thyroid hormones, which are secreted into the blood and then carried to every tissue in the body. Thyroid hormones help the body use energy, stay warm and keep the brain, heart, muscles, and other organs working as they should.
- Thyroid produces two major hormones: triiodothyronine (T3) and thyroxine (T4). If thyroid gland doesn't produce enough of these hormones, you may experience symptoms such as weight gain, lack of energy, and depression. This condition is called hypothyroidism.
- Thyroid gland produces too many hormones, you may experience weight loss, high levels of anxiety, tremors, and a sense of being on a high. This is called hyperthyroidism.
- TSH interacts with specific cell receptors on the thyroid cell surface and exerts two main actions. The first action is to stimulate cell reproduction and hypertrophy. Secondly, TSH stimulates the thyroid gland to synthesize and secrete T3 and T4.
- The ability to quantitate circulating levels of TSH is important in evaluating thyroid function. It is especially useful in the differential diagnosis of primary (thyroid) from secondary (pituitary) and tertiary (hypothalamus) hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

*** End Of Report ***







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AD BIOCHEMISTRY

*TESTS CONDUCTED @ CENTRAL LAB, HYDERABAD